



- Lithology legend**
- Diatomaceous sediment
  - Clay and/or silty clay
  - Biogenic carbonate and/or chalky carbonate
  - Lithified diagenetic carbonate
  - Volcanic ash/tuff
  - Siliceous claystone
  - Porcellanite
  - Sand
  - Silt
- Depositional structures**
- Laminations
  - Normally graded bedding
  - Bioturbation
  - Intensive bioturbation
  - Abundant laminae of foraminifer ooze
- Post-depositional structures**
- Slump folds
  - Convoluted bedding
  - Normal faults
  - Reverse faults
  - Abundant pods and laminae of chalky dolomite (weakly lithified)
  - Abundant dolomite concretions and dolomite beds (well-lithified)
  - Siderite concretions
  - Pyrite within concretions
  - Dewatering veins
  - An asterisk placed after the core number indicates that the downhole penetration gained during recovery of the core was < 8m. (The recovery column is a graphic expression of the proportion of the typical 9m core section that was recovered.)