PROCEEDINGS OF THE OCEAN DRILLING PROGRAM

VOLUME 143 SCIENTIFIC RESULTS NORTHWEST PACIFIC ATOLLS AND GUYOTS

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Foreword

By the National Science Foundation

The National Science Foundation is proud to play a leading role in partnership with the U.S. oceanographic community in the operation and management of the Ocean Drilling Program (ODP). We are equally proud of the cooperation and commitment of our international partners, who contribute both financial and intellectual resources required to maintain the high quality of this unique program. The Ocean Drilling Program, like its predecessor, the Deep Sea Drilling Project (DSDP), is a model for the organization and planning of research to address global scientific problems that are of high priority internationally and of long-term interest to the scientific community and general public.

Major scientific themes guiding the development of specific drilling cruises range from determining the causes and effects of oceanic and climatic variability to understanding the circulation of fluids in the ocean crust and the resultant formation of mineral deposits. Although such studies are at the forefront of basic scientific inquiry into the processes that control and modify the global environment, they are equally important in providing the background for assessing man's impact on the global environment or for projecting resource availability for future generations.

The transition from the DSDP to the ODP was marked by a number of changes. The 471-foot *JOIDES Resolution*, which replaced the *Glomar Challenger*, has allowed larger scientific parties and the participation of more graduate students, a larger laboratory and technical capability, and operations in more hostile ocean regions. The *JOIDES Resolution* has drilled in all of the world's oceans, from the marginal ice regions of the Arctic to within sight of the Antarctic continent. Over 1,200 scientists and students from 26 nations have participated on project cruises. Cores recovered from the cruises and stored in ODP repositories in the United States and Europe have provided samples to an additional 1,000 scientists for longer term post-cruise research investigations. The downhole geochemical and geophysical logging program, unsurpassed in either academia or industry, is providing remarkable new data with which to study the Earth.

In 1994, NSF and our international partners renewed our commitment to the program for its final phase. Of the 20 countries that supported ODP initially, only one, Russia, has been unable to continue for financial reasons. As the reputation and scientific impact of the program continue to grow internationally, we hope to add additional members and new scientific constituencies. This global scientific participation continues to assure the program's scientific excellence by focusing and integrating the combined scientific knowledge and capabilities of its member nations.

We wish the program smooth sailing and good drilling!

Neal Lane

sul fance

Director

National Science Foundation

Arlington, Virginia

Foreword

By Joint Oceanographic Institutions, Inc.

This volume presents scientific and engineering results from the Ocean Drilling Program (ODP). The papers presented here address the scientific and technical goals of the program, which include providing a global description of geological and geophysical structures including passive and active margins and sediment history, and studying in detail areas of major geophysical activity such as mid-ocean ridges and the associated hydrothermal circulations.

The Ocean Drilling Program, an international activity, operates a specially equipped deep-sea drilling ship, the *JOIDES Resolution* (Sedco/BP 471), which contains state-of-the-art laboratories, equipment, and computers. The ship is 471 feet (144 meters) long, is 70 feet (21 meters) wide, and has a displacement of 18,600 short tons. Her derrick towers 211 feet (64 meters) above the waterline, and a computer-controlled dynamic-positioning system stabilizes the ship over a specific location while drilling in water depths up to 27,000 feet (8230 meters). The drilling system collects cores from beneath the seafloor with a derrick and drawworks that can handle 30,000 feet (9144 meters) of drill pipe. More than 12,000 square feet (1115 square meters) of space distributed throughout the ship is devoted to scientific laboratories and equipment. The ship sails with a scientific and technical crew of 51 and a ship's crew (including the drill crew) of 62. The size and ice-strengthening of the ship allow drilling in high seas and ice-infested areas as well as permit a large group of multidisciplinary scientists to interact as part of the scientific party.

Logging, or measurements in the drilled holes, is an important part of the program. ODP provides a full suite of geochemical and geophysical measurements for every hole deeper than 1300 feet (400 meters). For each such hole, there are lowerings of basic oil-industry tools: nuclear, sonic, and electrical. In addition, a borehole televiewer is available for imaging the wall of the hole, a 12-channel logging tool provides accurate velocity and elastic property measurements as well as sonic waveforms for spectral analysis of energy propagation near the wall of the hole, and a vertical seismic profiler can record reflectors from below the total depth of the hole.

The management of the Ocean Drilling Program involves a partnership of scientists and governments. International oversight and coordination are provided by the ODP Council, a governmental consultative body of the partner countries, which is chaired by a representative from the United States National Science Foundation. The ODP Council periodically reviews the general progress of the program and discusses financial plans and other management issues. Overall scientific and management guidance is provided to the operators of the program by representatives from the group of institutions involved in the program, called the Joint Oceanographic Institutions for Deep Earth Sampling (JOIDES).

The Executive Committee (EXCOM), made up of the administrative heads of the JOIDES institutions, provides general oversight for ODP. The Planning Committee (PCOM), with its advisory structure, is made up of working scientists and provides scientific advice and detailed planning. PCOM has a network of panels and working groups that screen drilling proposals, evaluate instrumentation and measurement techniques, and assess geophysical-survey data and other safety and siting information. PCOM uses the recommendations of the panels and committees to select drilling targets, to specify the location and major scientific objectives of each two-month drilling segment or leg, and to provide the science operator with nominations for co-chief scientists.

Joint Oceanographic Institutions, Inc. (JOI), a nonprofit consortium of U.S. oceanographic institutions, serves as the National Science Foundation's prime contractor for ODP. JOI is responsible for seeing that the scientific objectives, plans, and recommendations of the JOIDES committees are translated into scientific operations consistent with scientific advice and budgetary constraints. JOI subcontracts the operations of the program to two universities: Texas A&M University and Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory

of Columbia University. JOI is also responsible for managing the U.S. contribution to ODP.

Texas A&M University (TAMU) serves as science operator for ODP. In this capacity, TAMU is responsible for planning the specific ship operations, actual drilling schedules, and final scientific rosters, which are developed in close cooperation with PCOM and the relevant panels. The science operator also ensures that adequate scientific analyses are performed on the cores by maintaining the shipboard scientific laboratories and computers and by providing logistical and technical support for shipboard scientific teams. Onshore, TAMU manages scientific activities after each leg, is curator for the cores, distributes samples, and coordinates the editing and publication of scientific results.

Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO) of Columbia University is responsible for the program's logging operation, including processing the data and providing assistance to scientists for data analysis. The ODP Data Bank, a repository for geophysical data, is also managed by LDEO.

Core samples from ODP and the previous Deep Sea Drilling Project are stored for future investigation at four sites: ODP Pacific and Indian Ocean cores at TAMU, DSDP Pacific and Indian Ocean cores at the Scripps Institution of Oceanography, ODP and DSDP Atlantic and Antarctic cores through Leg 150 at LDEO, and ODP Atlantic and Antarctic cores at the University of Bremen, Federal Republic of Germany.

Scientific achievements of ODP include new information on early seafloor spreading and how continents separate and the margins evolve. The oldest Pacific crust has been drilled and sampled. We have new insights into glacial cycles and the fluctuations of ocean currents throughout geological time. Many of the scientific goals can be met only with new technology; thus the program has focused on engineering as well as science. To date, ODP engineers have demonstrated the capability to drill on bare rock at mid-ocean-ridge sites and have developed techniques for drilling in high-temperature and corrosive regions typical of hydrothermal vent areas. A new diamond coring system promises better core recovery in difficult areas.

In addition, ODP is cooperating closely with other geological and geophysical programs; for example, in 1991 the first hole was drilled by ODP for emplacement of a seismometer near Hawaii for the Ocean Seismic Network. JOI is pleased to have been able to play a facilitating role in the Ocean Drilling Program and its cooperative activities, and we are looking forward to many new results to come.

D. James Baker President

Joint Oceanographic Institutions, Inc.

Stames Bake

Washington, D.C.

Preface

The Scientific Results volumes of the Proceedings of the Ocean Drilling Program contain specialty papers presenting the results of up to one and one-half years of research in various aspects of scientific ocean drilling. I acknowledge with thanks the authors of the papers published in this volume, who thereby have enabled future investigators to gain ready access to the results of their research.

Each of the papers submitted to a *Scientific Results* volume undergoes rigorous peer review by at least two specialists in the author's research field. A paper typically goes through one or more revision cycles before being accepted for publication. Our goal is to maintain a peer-review system comparable to those of the most highly regarded journals in the geological sciences.

The Editorial Review Board for a *Scientific Results* volume is responsible for obtaining peer reviews of papers submitted to the volume. This board usually is made up of the two co-chief scientists for the cruise, the ODP staff scientist for the cruise, and one external specialist who is familiar with the geology of the area investigated. In addition, the ODP staff editor assigned to the volume helps with any manuscripts that require special attention, such as those by authors who need assistance with English expression.

Scientific Results volumes may also contain short reports consisting of good data that are not ready for final interpretation. Papers in this category are segregated in a section in the back of the volume called Data Reports. Although no interpretation is permitted, these papers ordinarily contain a section on methodology or procedures. Data Report papers are read carefully by at least one specialist to make sure they are well organized, comprehensive, and discuss the techniques thoroughly.

In acknowledgment of the contributions made by this volume's Editorial Review Board, the members of the Board are designated Editors of the volume and are listed on the title page as well. Reviewers of manuscripts for this volume, whose efforts are so essential to the success of the publication, are listed in the front portion of the book, without attribution to a particular manuscript.

On behalf of the Ocean Drilling Program, I extend sincere appreciation to members of the Editorial Review Boards and to the reviewers for giving so generously of their time and efforts in ensuring that only papers of high scientific quality are published in the *Proceedings*.

Philip D. Rabinowitz

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

VOLUME 143—SCIENTIFIC RESULTS

SECTION 1: BIOSTRATIGRAPHY

1.	Early Cretaceous rudist fauna of Allison and Resolution guyots, Mid-Pacific Mountains 3 N.H.M. Swinburne and JP. Masse
2.	Cretaceous planktonic foraminifers from Sites 865, 866, and 869: a synthesis of Cretaceous pelagic sedimentation in the Central Pacific Ocean Basin
3.	Calcareous nannofossil biostratigraphy of Site 865, Allison Guyot, Central Pacific Ocean: a tropical Paleogene reference section
4	Cenozoic Ostracoda from guyots in the western Pacific: Holes 865B and 866B (Leg 143) 75 I. Boomer and R. Whatley
SEC	CTION 2: ISOTOPIC STRATIGRAPHY
5.	Strontium-isotope stratigraphy of Lower Cretaceous atoll carbonates in the Mid-Pacific Mountains
6.	Carbon-isotope stratigraphy and paleoceanographic significance of the Lower Cretaceous shallow-water carbonates of Resolution Guyot, Mid-Pacific Mountains
7.	Upper Cretaceous carbon- and oxygen-isotope stratigraphy of deep-water sediments from the North-Central Pacific (Site 869, flank of Pikinni-Wodejebato, Marshall Islands) 105 H.C. Jenkyns, J. Mutterlose, and W.V. Sliter
SEC	CTION 3: SEDIMENTOLOGY
8.	Lower Cretaceous oolites from the Mid-Pacific Mountains (Resolution Guyot, Site 866) 111 H.C. Jenkyns and A. Strasser
9.	Small-scale shallow-water carbonate sequences of Resolution Guyot (Sites 866, 867, and 868)
10.	Resolution Guyot (Hole 866A, Mid-Pacific Mountains): facies evolution and sequence stratigraphy
11.	Origin of massive dolomite, Leg 143, Hole 866A, Resolution Guyot, Mid-Pacific Mountains $$ 161 P.G. Flood and A.R. Chivas
SEC	CTION 4: GEOCHEMISTRY
12.	Organic geochemistry and clay mineralogy of Lower Cretaceous sediments from Allison and Resolution guyots (Sites 865 and 866), Mid-Pacific Mountains

13	Diagenetic alterations and geochemical trends in Early Cretaceous shallow-water limestones of Allison and Resolution guyots (Sites 865 to 868)
14	Seawater ventilation of mid-Pacific guyots drilled during Leg 143
SE	CCTION 5: IGNEOUS PETROLOGY AND RADIOMETRIC DATES
15	5. Petrology and geochemistry of igneous rocks from Allison and Resolution guyots, Sites 865 and 866
16	6. Petrology and geochemistry of basaltic clasts and hyaloclastites from volcaniclastic sediments at Site 869
17	7. Radiometric ages of basaltic lavas recovered at Sites 865, 866, and 869
SE	CCTION 6: GEOPHYSICS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES
18	Parameters controlling acoustic properties of carbonate and volcaniclastic sediments at Sites 866 and 869
19	Synthetic seismograms at Site 866: origin of reflections and implications for recognizing the limestone-basalt transition in Cretaceous mid-Pacific guyots
20	Milankovitch cycles from Fourier analysis of logs from Sites 865 and 866
2	Formation MicroScanner logging responses to lithology in guyot carbonate platforms and their implications: Sites 865 and 866
22	2. Magnetization of seamount-derived sediments from Site 869 inferred from downhole magnetometer logs
23	 Inferences about the nature and origin of basalt sequences from the Cretaceous Mid-Pacific Mountains (Sites 865 and 866), as deduced from downhole magnetometer logs
24	Geomagnetic-field variations recorded within drill pipe at Site 865: implications for paleomagnetic studies
25	5. Early Cretaceous magnetostratigraphy and paleolatitudes from the Mid-Pacific Mountains: preliminary results bearing on guyot formation and Pacific plate translation
26	5. Paleolatitude inferred from Cretaceous sediments, Hole 865A, Allison Guyot, Mid-Pacific Mountains

21.	polarity, paleolatitude, and a paleomagnetic pole
28.	Structural implications of gravity anomalies, Resolution and Heezen guyots, Mid-Pacific Mountains
SEC	CTION 7: REGIONAL GEOLOGY
29.	Karst morphology and diagenesis of the top of Albian limestone platforms, Mid-Pacific Mountains
30.	Sediment facies and environments of deposition on Cretaceous Pacific carbonate platforms: an overview of dredged rocks from western Pacific guyots
SEC	CTION 8: SYNTHESES
31.	Synthesis of drilling results from the Mid-Pacific Mountains: regional context and implications
32.	Early Cretaceous shallow-water benthic foraminifers and fecal pellets from Leg 143 compared with coeval faunas from the Pacific Basin, Central America, and the Tethys 537 A. Arnaud-Vanneau and W.V. Sliter
SEC	CTION 9: DATA REPORTS
33.	Data Report: Cenozoic calcareous nannofossils of Hole 869A, equatorial Pacific Ocean 567 J.V. Firth
34.	Data Report: Cenozoic radiolarians from Leg 143, Hole 869A, equatorial Pacific Ocean 571 J.C. Aitchison and P.G. Flood
35.	Data Report: Cretaceous ostracodes from Holes 865A and 866A (Mid-Pacific Mountains) 575 R. Damotte
36.	Data Report: Stable isotopic stratigraphy of the Paleogene pelagic cap at Site 865, Allison Guyot
37.	Data Report: Carbon and carbonate contents of the Cenomanian–Turonian sediments from Hole 869B (Leg 143): comparison with other deep basins from central and northwestern Pacific Ocean
38.	Data Report: Paleomagnetic measurements of Paleocene–Eocene sediments, Leg 143, Holes 865B and 865C
SEC	CTION 10: CORRECTIONS TO SCIENTIFIC RESULTS VOLUME 139
	Vol. 139: Figure 3, Tables 1 and 2: Mineralogy and sulfur isotopic composition of the Middle Valley massive sulfide deposit, northern Juan de Fuca Ridge

SECTION 11: POLICY

	JOIDES Advisory Groups
	Sample-Distribution Policy
SE	ΓΙΟΝ 12: INDEX
	Index

BACK-POCKET MATERIAL Oversized Tables

Chapter 3: Table 1: Calcareous nannofossil biostratigraphy of Hole 865B and range chart of relative abundance by alphabetical order.

Chapter 3: Table 2: Calcareous nannofossil biostratigraphy of Hole 865C and range chart of relative abundance by alphabetical order.