PROCEEDINGS OF THE OCEAN DRILLING PROGRAM

VOLUME 153 SCIENTIFIC RESULTS Mid-Atlantic Ridge

Covering Leg 153 of the cruises of the Drilling Vessel *JOIDES Resolution*, St. John's Harbor, Newfoundland, to Bridgetown, Barbados, Sites 920–924, 22 November 1993–20 January 1994

Jeffrey A. Karson, Mathilde Cannat, D. Jay Miller,
Susan M. Agar, Jane Barling, John F. Casey, Georges Ceuleneer, Yildirim Dilek, John Fletcher,
Norie Fujibayashi, Laura Gaggero, Jeffrey S. Gee, Stephen D. Hurst, Deborah S. Kelley,
Pamela D. Kempton, Roisin May Lawrence, Vesna Marchig, Carolyn Mutter,
Kiyoaki Niida, Katherine Rodway, Daniel Kent Ross, Christopher Stephens,
Carl-Dietrich Werner, Hubert Whitechurch
Shipboard Scientists

D. Jay Miller Shipboard Staff Scientist

Editorial Review Board: Jeffrey A. Karson, Mathilde Cannat, D. Jay Miller, Donald Elthon

Prepared by the OCEAN DRILLING PROGRAM TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY

Laura Stokking Volume Editor

in cooperation with the
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION
and
JOINT OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTIONS, INC.

This publication was prepared by the Ocean Drilling Program, Texas A&M University, as an account of work performed under the international Ocean Drilling Program, which is managed by Joint Oceanographic Institutions, Inc., under contract with the National Science Foundation. Funding for the program was provided by the following agencies at the time of this cruise:

Australia/Canada/Chinese Taipei/Korea Consortium for Ocean Drilling, Department of Primary Industries and Energy (Australia), Department of Energy, Mines and Resources (Canada), National Taiwan University in Taipei, and Korean Institute for Geology, Mining and Minerals

Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (Federal Republic of Germany)

European Science Foundation Consortium for Ocean Drilling (Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, Italy, The Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey)

Institut Français de Recherche pour l'Exploitation de la Mer (France)

National Science Foundation (United States)

Natural Environment Research Council (United Kingdom)

University of Tokyo, Ocean Research Institute (Japan)

Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this publication are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation, the participating agencies, Joint Oceanographic Institutions, Inc., Texas A&M University, or Texas A&M Research Foundation.

Reference to the whole or to part of this volume should be made as follows: Print citation:

Karson, J.A., Cannat, M., Miller, D.J., and Elthon, D. (Eds.), 1997. Proc. ODP, Sci. Results, 153: College Station, TX (Ocean Drilling Program).

Karson, J.A., and Lawrence, R.M., 1997. Tectonic setting of serpentinite exposures on the western median valley wall of the MARK area in the vicinity of Site 920. In Karson, J.A., Cannat, M., Miller, D.J., and Elthon, D. (Eds.). Proc. ODP, Sci. Results, 153: College Station, TX (Ocean Drilling Program), 5–21.

Electronic citation:

Karson, J.A., Cannat, M., Miller, D.J., and Elthon, D. (Eds.), 1997. Proc. ODP, Sci. Results [CD-ROM], 153. Available: Ocean Drilling Program, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX 77845-9547, U.S.A.

Karson, J.A., and Lawrence, R.M., 1997. Tectonic setting of serpentinite exposures on the western median valley wall of the MARK area in the vicinity of Site 920. In Karson, J.A., Cannat, M., Miller, D.J., and Elthon, D. (Eds.). Proc. ODP, Sci. Results [CD-ROM], 153, 5–21. Available: Ocean Drilling Program, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX 77845-9547, U.S.A.

Effective Publication Dates of ODP Proceedings

According to the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature, the date of publication of a work and of a contained name or statement affecting nomenclature is the date on which the publication was mailed to subscribers, placed on sale, or when the whole edition is distributed free of charge, mailed to institutions and individuals to whom free copies are distributed. The mailing date, *not the printed date*, is the correct one.

The mailing dates of recent Proceedings of the Ocean Drilling Program are as follows:

Volume 162 (Initial Reports): September 1996 Volumes 163/164 (Initial Reports): November 1996 Volume 165 (Initial Reports): February 1997 Volume 149 (Scientific Results): April 1996 Volume 150 (Scientific Results): October 1996 Volume 151 (Scientific Results): December 1996

Distribution

Copies of this publication may be obtained from Publications Distribution Center, Ocean Drilling Program, 1000 Discovery Drive, College Station, Texas 77845-9547, U.S.A. Orders for copies will require advance payment. See current ODP publication list for price and availability of this publication.

Printed April 1997

ISSN 0884-5891 Library of Congress 87-642-462

Printed in Canada by Friesens

Foreword

By the National Science Foundation

The National Science Foundation is proud to play a leading role in partnership with the U.S. oceanographic community in the operation and management of the Ocean Drilling Program (ODP). We are equally proud of the cooperation and commitment of our international partners, who contribute both financial and intellectual resources required to maintain the high quality of this unique program. The Ocean Drilling Program, like its predecessor, the Deep Sea Drilling Project (DSDP), is a model for the organization and planning of research to address global scientific problems that are of high priority internationally and of long-term interest to the scientific community and general public.

Major scientific themes guiding the development of specific drilling cruises range from determining the causes and effects of oceanic and climatic variability to understanding the circulation of fluids in the ocean crust and the resultant formation of mineral deposits. Although such studies are at the forefront of basic scientific inquiry into the processes that control and modify the global environment, they are equally important in providing the background for assessing man's impact on the global environment or for projecting

resource availability for future generations.

The transition from the DSDP to the ODP was marked by a number of changes. The 471-foot *JOIDES Resolution*, which replaced the *Glomar Challenger*, has allowed larger scientific parties and the participation of more graduate students, a larger laboratory and technical capability, and operations in more hostile ocean regions. The *JOIDES Resolution* has drilled in all of the world's oceans, from the marginal ice regions of the Arctic to within sight of the Antarctic continent. Over 1,200 scientists and students from 26 nations have participated on project cruises. Cores recovered from the cruises and stored in ODP repositories in the United States and Europe have provided samples to an additional 1,000 scientists for longer term post-cruise research investigations. The downhole geochemical and geophysical logging program, unsurpassed in either academia or industry, is providing remarkable new data with which to study the Earth.

In 1994, NSF and our international partners renewed our commitment to the program for its final phase. Of the 20 countries that supported ODP initially, only one, Russia, has been unable to continue for financial reasons. As the reputation and scientific impact of the program continue to grow internationally, we hope to add additional members and new scientific constituencies. This global scientific participation continues to assure the program's scientific excellence by focusing and integrating the combined scientific knowledge and capabilities of its member nations.

We wish the program smooth sailing and good drilling!

Neal Lane Director

sul fanc

National Science Foundation

Arlington, Virginia

Foreword

By Joint Oceanographic Institutions, Inc.

This volume presents scientific and engineering results from the Ocean Drilling Program (ODP). The papers presented here address the scientific and technical goals of the program, which include providing a global description of geological and geophysical structures including passive and active margins and sediment history, and studying in detail areas of major geophysical activity such as mid-ocean ridges and the associated hydrothermal circulations.

The Ocean Drilling Program, an international activity, operates a specially equipped deep-sea drilling ship, the *JOIDES Resolution* (Sedco/BP 471), which contains state-of-the-art laboratories, equipment, and computers. The ship is 471 feet (144 meters) long, is 70 feet (21 meters) wide, and has a displacement of 18,600 short tons. Her derrick towers 211 feet (64 meters) above the waterline, and a computer-controlled dynamic-positioning system stabilizes the ship over a specific location while drilling in water depths up to 27,000 feet (8230 meters). The drilling system collects cores from beneath the seafloor with a derrick and drawworks that can handle 30,000 feet (9144 meters) of drill pipe. More than 12,000 square feet (1115 square meters) of space distributed throughout the ship is devoted to scientific laboratories and equipment. The ship sails with a scientific and technical crew of 51 and a ship's crew (including the drill crew) of 62. The size and ice-strengthening of the ship allow drilling in high seas and ice-infested areas as well as permit a large group of multidisciplinary scientists to interact as part of the scientific party.

Logging, or measurements in the drilled holes, is an important part of the program. ODP provides a full suite of geochemical and geophysical measurements for every hole deeper than 1300 feet (400 meters). For each such hole, there are lowerings of basic oil-industry tools: nuclear, sonic, and electrical. In addition, a Formation MicroScanner is available for high-resolution imaging the wall of the hole, a 12-channel logging tool provides accurate velocity and elastic property measurements as well as sonic waveforms for spectral analysis of energy propagation near the wall of the hole, and a vertical seismic profiler can record reflectors from below the total depth of the hole.

The management of the Ocean Drilling Program involves a partnership of scientists and governments. International oversight and coordination are provided by the ODP Council, a governmental consultative body of the partner countries, which is chaired by a representative from the United States National Science Foundation (NSF). The ODP Council periodically reviews the general progress of the program and discusses financial plans and other management issues. Overall scientific and management guidance is provided to the operators of the program by representatives from the group of institutions involved in the program, called the Joint Oceanographic Institutions for Deep Earth Sampling (JOIDES).

The Executive Committee (EXCOM), made up of the administrative heads of the JOIDES institutions, provides general oversight for ODP. The Planning Committee (PCOM), with its advisory structure, is made up of working scientists and provides scientific advice and detailed planning. PCOM has a network of panels and working groups that screen drilling proposals, evaluate instrumentation and measurement techniques, and assess geophysical-survey data and other safety and siting information. PCOM uses the recommendations of the panels and committees to select drilling targets, to specify the location and major scientific objectives of each two-month drilling segment or leg, and to provide the science operator with nominations for co-chief scientists.

Joint Oceanographic Institutions, Inc. (JOI), a nonprofit consortium of U.S. oceanographic institutions, serves as the National Science Foundation's prime contractor for ODP. JOI is responsible for seeing that the scientific objectives, plans, and recommendations of the JOIDES committees are translated into scientific operations consistent with scientific advice and budgetary constraints. JOI subcontracts the operations of the program to two universities: Texas A&M University and Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory of Columbia University. JOI is also responsible for managing the U.S. contribution to ODP under a separate cooperative agreement with NSF.

Texas A&M University (TAMU) serves as science operator for ODP. In this capacity, TAMU is responsible for planning the specific ship operations, actual drilling schedules, and final scientific rosters, which are developed in close cooperation with PCOM and the relevant panels. The science operator also ensures that adequate scientific analyses are performed on the cores by maintaining the shipboard scientific laboratories and computers and by providing logistical and technical support for shipboard scientific teams. Onshore, TAMU manages scientific activities after each leg, is curator for the cores, distributes samples, and coordinates the editing and publication of scientific results.

Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO) of Columbia University is responsible for the program's logging operation, including processing the data and providing assistance to scientists for data analysis. The ODP Data Bank, a repository for geophysical data, is also managed by LDEO.

Core samples from ODP and the previous Deep Sea Drilling Project are stored for future investigation at four sites: ODP Pacific and Indian Ocean cores at TAMU, DSDP Pacific and Indian Ocean cores at the Scripps Institution of Oceanography, ODP and DSDP Atlantic and Antarctic cores through Leg 150 at LDEO, and ODP Atlantic and Antarctic cores since Leg 151 at the University of Bremen, Federal Republic of Germany.

Scientific achievements of ODP include new information on early seafloor spreading and how continents separate and the margins evolve. The oldest Pacific crust has been drilled and sampled. We have new insights into glacial cycles and the fluctuations of ocean currents throughout geological time. ODP has also provided valuable data that shed light on fluid pathways through the lithosphere, global climate change both in the Arctic and near the equator, past sea-level change, seafloor mineralization, the complex tectonic evolution of oceanic crust, and the evolution of passive continental margins.

Many of the scientific goals can be met only with new technology; thus the program has focused on engineering as well as science. To date, ODP engineers have demonstrated the capability to drill on bare rock at mid-ocean-ridge sites and have developed techniques for drilling in high-temperature and corrosive regions typical of hydrothermal vent areas. A new diamond coring system promises better core recovery in difficult areas. In a close collaborative effort between ODP engineers and scientists, a system has been developed that seals selected boreholes ("CORKs") and monitors downhole temperature, pressure, and fluid composition for up to three years. When possible, ODP is also taking advantage of industry techniques such as logging while drilling, to obtain continuous downhole information in difficult-to-drill formations.

JOI is pleased to have been able to play a facilitating role in the Ocean Drilling Program and its cooperative activities, and we are looking forward to many new, exciting results in the future.

James D. Watkins

Admiral, U.S. Navy (Retired)

President

Joint Oceanographic Institutions, Inc.

Washington, D.C.

Preface

The Scientific Results volumes of the Proceedings of the Ocean Drilling Program contain specialty papers presenting the results of extensive research in various aspects of scientific ocean drilling. The authors of the papers published in this volume have enabled future investigators to gain ready access to the results of their research, and I acknowledge their contributions with thanks.

Each paper submitted to a *Scientific Results* volume undergoes rigorous peer review by at least two specialists in the author's research field. A paper typically goes through at least one revision cycle before being accepted for publication. We seek to maintain a peer-review system comparable to those of the most highly regarded journals in the geological sciences.

Each Scientific Results volume has an Editorial Review Board that is responsible for obtaining peer reviews of papers submitted to the volume. This board usually is made up of the two co-chief scientists for the cruise, the ODP staff scientist for the cruise, and one external specialist who is familiar with the geology of the area investigated. In addition, the volume has an ODP staff editor who assists with manuscripts that require English-language attention and who coordinates volume assembly.

Scientific Results volumes may also contain short reports of useful data that are not ready for final interpretation. Papers of this type, which may be found together in a section in the back of the volume, are called Data Reports and include no interpretation of results. Data Report papers are read carefully by at least one specialist to make sure they are well organized, comprehensive, and discuss the techniques or procedures thoroughly.

To acknowledge the contributions made by this volume's Editorial Review Board, the Board members are designated Editors of the volume and are so listed on the title page. Reviewers of manuscripts for this volume, whose efforts are so essential to the success of the publication, are listed in the front of the book, without attribution to a particular manuscript.

On behalf of the Ocean Drilling Program, I extend sincere appreciation to members of the Editorial Review Boards and to the reviewers for giving their generous contribution of time and effort, which ensures that only papers of high scientific quality are published in the *Proceedings*.

Paul J. Fox Director

Ocean Drilling Program Texas A&M University College Station, Texas

REVIEWERS FOR THIS VOLUME

Hans G. Avé Lallemant

Rodey Batiza Luigi Beccaluva Sherman Bloomer Enrico Bonatti Paterno R. Castillo David M. Christie Laure Dosso J.C. Doukhan Javier Escartin Trevor Falloon P.J. Fox

F. Frey Gretchen Fruh-Green John Geissman

Allen F. Glazner

Wulf Gose Bradley R. Hacker Barry B. Hanan Rejean Hebert Greg Hirth

Kevin T.M. Johnson Peter B. Kelemen Stephen Komor Andreas Kronenberg

C. Laverne James K. Meen Peter S. Meyer S.A. Morse

Bruce M. Moskowitz

Pierre Nehlig Gente Pascal

Giovanni B. Piccardo David J. Prior Paul Robinson J.V. Ross Peter J. Saccocia William Sager Matthew H. Salisbury Gautam Sen Carol Simpson

Jan M. Peter

Jan Tullis Lagabrielle Yves

Jonathan E. Snow

Debra Stakes

OCEAN DRILLING PROGRAM

MEMBER ORGANIZATIONS OF THE JOINT OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTIONS FOR DEEP EARTH SAMPLING (JOIDES)

University of California at San Diego, Scripps Institution of Oceanography

Columbia University, Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory University of Hawaii, School of Ocean and Earth Science and Technology

University of Miami, Rosenstiel School of Marine and Atmospheric Science

Oregon State University, College of Oceanic and Atmospheric Sciences

University of Rhode Island, Graduate School of Oceanography

Texas A&M University, College of Geosciences and Maritime Studies

University of Texas at Austin, Institute for Geophysics University of Washington, College of Ocean and Fishery Sciences

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution

Australia/Canada/Chinese Taipei/Korea Consortium for Ocean Drilling, Department of Primary Industries and Energy (Australia), Department of Energy, Mines and Resources (Canada), National Taiwan University in Taipei, and Korean Institute for Geology, Mining and Minerals

European Science Foundation Consortium for Ocean Drilling (Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, Italy, The Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey)

Federal Republic of Germany, Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe

France, Institut Français de Recherche pour l'Exploitation de la Mer

Japan, University of Tokyo, Ocean Research Institute United Kingdom, Natural Environment Research Council

PRIME CONTRACTOR

Joint Oceanographic Institutions, Inc. Washington, D.C.

David A. Falvey
Director, Ocean Drilling Programs

OPERATING INSTITUTION

College of Geosciences and Maritime Studies Texas A&M University College Station, Texas

Robert A. Duce Dean

OCEAN DRILLING PROGRAM

Paul J. Fox Director

Timothy J.G. Francis Deputy Director of Operations

Jack G. Baldauf Deputy Director of Services

Richard G. McPherson Administrator

Brian Jonasson, Manager Drilling Services

Russell B. Merrill, Manager Information Services

Ann Klaus, Manager Publication Services

James F. Allan, Interim Manager Science Services

LOGGING OPERATOR

Borehole Research Group Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory Columbia University Palisades, New York

David Goldberg, Head

PARTICIPANTS ABOARD THE JOIDES RESOLUTION FOR LEG153*

Jeffrey A. Karson Co-Chief Scientist

Department of Geology

Duke University

Durham, North Carolina 27708

U.S.A.

Mathilde Cannat

Co-Chief Scientist

Laboratoire de Pétrologie/CNRS URA736

Université Pierre et Marie Curie

4 Place Jussieu

75252 Paris Cedex 05

France

D. Jay Miller

ODP Staff Scientist

Ocean Drilling Program

Texas A&M University Research Park

1000 Discovery Drive

College Station, Texas 77845-9547

U.S.A.

Susan M. Agar

Structural Geologist

Department of Geological Sciences

Northwestern University

1847 Sheridan Road

Evanston, Illinois 60201

U.S.A.

Jane Barling

Petrologist

Départment des Sciences de la Terre et

de l'Environnement

Université Libre de Bruxelles

Avenue Franklin Roosevelt 50

C.P. 160/02

1050 Bruxelles

Belgium

John F. Casey

Petrologist

Department of Geosciences

University of Houston

University Park

Houston, Texas 77204-5503

U.S.A.

Georges Ceuleneer

Structural Geologist

OMP-CNRS-UPR 234

14 Av. Ed. Belin

31400 Toulouse

France

Yildirim Dilek

Structural Geologist

Dept. of Geology and Geography

Vassar College

P.O. Box 205

Poughkeepsie, New York 12601

U.S.A.

John Fletcher

Structural Geologist

Department of Geology and Geophysics

University of Utah

Salt Lake City, Utah 84112-1183

U.S.A.

Norie Fujibayashi

Geochemist

Department of Geology and Mineralogy

Niigata University

8050, Ni-No-Cho, Ikarashi

Niigata

Japan

Laura Gaggero

Petrologist

Dipartimento di Scienze della Terra

Sezione Mineralogia-Petrografia

Corso Europa 26

16132 Genova

Italy

Jeffrey S. Gee

Paleomagnetist

Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory

Columbia University

Palisades, New York 10964

U.S.A.

Stephen D. Hurst

Paleomagnetist

Department of Geology

Duke University

Durham, North Carolina 27708

U.S.A.

Deborah S. Kelley

Petrologist

School of Oceanography

University of Washington

Seattle, Washington 98195

U.S.A.

Pamela D. Kempton

Petrologist

NIGL

Kingsley Dunham Centre

Keyworth NG12 5GG

United Kingdom

Roisin May Lawrence

Paleomagnetist

Department of Geology

Duke University

Durham, North Carolina 27708

U.S.A.

Vesna Marchig

Geochemist

Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe

Stilleweg 2

30655 Hannover

Federal Republic of Germany

^{*} Addresses at time of cruise.

Carolyn Mutter

Logging Scientist/Seismic Stratigraphy Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory Columbia University Palisades, New York 10964 U.S.A.

Kiyoaki Niida

Petrologist

Department of Geology and Mineralogy Hokkaido University N-10, W-8 Kitaku-kita Sapporo 060 Japan

Katherine Rodway

LDEO Logging Scientist

Borehole Research Group

Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory

Columbia University

Palisades, New York 10964

U.S.A.

Daniel Kent Ross

Petrologist

University of Houston-TcSUH 4800 Calhoun Houston, Texas 77204-5932 U.S.A.

Chris Stephens Petrologist

Department of Earth Sciences University of Queensland Queensland 4072 Australia Carl-Dietrich Werner

Geochemist

Institut für Mineralogie der Bergakademie Freiberg Brennhausgasse 14 09596 Freiberg Federal Republic of Germany

Hubert Whitechurch

Petrologist

Ecole et Observatoire de Physique du Globe (IPG) de Strasbourg Université Louis Pasteur 5 rue René Descartes 67084 Strasbourg Cedex France

SEDCO OFFICIALS

Captain Anthony Ribbens
Master of the Drilling Vessel
Overseas Drilling Ltd.
707 Texas Avenue South, Suite 103D
College Station, Texas 77840-1917
U.S.A.

Robert C. Caldow Drilling Superintendent Overseas Drilling Ltd. 707 Texas Avenue South, Suite 103D College Station, Texas 77840-1917 U.S.A.

ODP ENGINEERING AND OPERATIONS PERSONNEL

Thomas L. Pettigrew G. Leon Holloway

Operations Superintendent Development Engineer

ODP TECHNICAL AND LOGISTICS PERSONNEL

Wendy J. Autio

Timothy Bronk Bradley Cook

Edwin Garrett

Burney W. Hamlin

Margaret Hastedt Joel Huddleston

Steve Kittredge Kazushi ("Kuro") Kuroki

Jaque Ledbetter Jon S. Lloyd

Erinn McCarty Dwight E. Mossman Anne Pimmel Jo Ribbens

William Stevens Mark Watson Marine Laboratory Specialist/X-ray, Core Lab

Marine Laboratory Specialist/Storekeeper, Thin Section

Marine Laboratory Specialist/Photography Marine Computer Specialist/System Manager

Laboratory Officer

Marine Laboratory Specialist/Paleomagnetics Marine Computer Specialist/System Manager

Schlumberger Engineer

Assistant Laboratory Officer/X-ray, Fantail Marine Laboratory Specialist/Downhole Lab Marine Laboratory Specialist/Physical Properties

Marine Laboratory Specialist/Curator Marine Laboratory Specialist/Underway Marine Laboratory Specialist/Chemistry Marine Laboratory Specialist/Yeoperson

Marine Electronics Specialist Marine Electronics Specialist

Ocean Drilling Program Publication Services Staff*

Publication Services Manager

Ann Klaus

Editorial Supervisor/Publications Specialist

M. Kathleen Phillips

Senior Editor

Jennifer A. Marin

Editors

Georgia L. Fox Angeline T. Miller Christine M. Miller Ruth N. Riegel

Chief Production Editor
Jennifer Pattison Rumford

Production Editors

Karen O. Benson Jaime A. Gracia William J. Moran

Nicole Papa (this volume)

Senior Publications Coordinator Gudelia ("Gigi") Delgado

Publications Coordinator Rose Pandolph Sauser

Copier/Distribution Specialist

Ann Yeager

Chief Illustrator

Deborah L. Partain

Illustrators

L. Michelle Briggs Katherine C. Irwin Nancy H. Luedke

Prime Data Coordinator Katerina E. Petronotis

Production Assistants

Marianne Gorecki Mary Elizabeth Mitchell

Student Assistants

Marla Barbéy, Dusty Carroll, Theresa Elam, Amy Nevergold, Weyland M.A. Simmons

^{*}At time of publication.

PUBLISHER'S NOTES

Current policy requires that all figures published in *Scientific Results* volumes of the *Proceedings of the Ocean Drilling Program* be provided by the authors.

Abbreviations for names of organizations and publications in ODP reference lists follow the style given in *Chemical Abstracts Service Source Index* (published by American Chemical Society). Accuracy and completeness of ODP reference lists are the responsibility of the authors.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LEG 153—SCIENTIFIC RESULTS

SECTION 1: STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY

| 1. | Tectonic setting of serpentinite exposures on the western median valley wall of the MARK area in the vicinity of Site 920 |
|-----|---|
| 2. | High-temperature ductile deformation of Site 920 peridotites |
| 3. | Serpentinization and hydrothermal veining in peridotites at Site 920 in the MARK area |
| 4. | Tectonic window into gabbroic rocks of the middle oceanic crust in the MARK area near Sites 921–924 |
| 5. | Localization of ductile strain and the magmatic evolution of gabbroic rocks drilled at the Mid-Atlantic Ridge (23°N) |
| 6. | Textural, geochemical, and isotopic variations in gabbroic shear zones from the MARK area \dots .99 S.M. Agar, J.F. Casey, and P.D. Kempton |
| 7. | Deformation of Fe-Ti oxides in gabbroic shear zones from the MARK area |
| 8. | Microfabrics and patterns of dynamic recrystallization in gabbroic rocks from the MARK area, Mid-Atlantic Ridge |
| 9. | Structure and petrology of hydrothermal veins in gabbroic rocks from Sites 921 to 924, MARK area (Leg 153): alteration history of slow-spread lower oceanic crust |
| SEC | CTION 2: IGNEOUS PETROLOGY AND GEOCHEMISTRY |
| 10. | Comparison of major- and trace-element geochemistry of abyssal peridotites and mafic plutonic rocks with basalts from the MARK region of the Mid-Atlantic Ridge |
| 11. | Gabbroic rocks trapped in the upper mantle at the Mid-Atlantic Ridge |
| 12. | Mineralogy of MARK peridotites: replacement through magma channeling examined from Hole 920D, MARK area |
| 13. | Extreme incompatible trace-element depletion of diopside in residual mantle from south of the Kane Fracture Zone |

| 14. | from Site 920 | |
|--|---|--|
| 15. | A Sr-, Nd-, Pb-, O-isotope study of plutonic rocks from MARK, Leg 153: implications for mantle heterogeneity and magma chamber processes | |
| 16. | Petrology and geochemistry of nodular websterite inclusions in harzburgite, Hole 920D | |
| 17. | Cumulus and postcumulus crystallization in the oceanic crust: major- and trace-element geochemistry of Leg 153 gabbroic rocks | |
| 18. | Whole-rock geochemistry and Sr-, Nd-, and Pb-isotopic characteristics of undeformed, deformed, and recrystallized gabbros from Sites 921, 922, and 923 in the MARK area | |
| 19. | Petrology and geochemistry of crosscutting diabase dikes, Sites 920 and 921 | |
| SECTION 3: METAMORPHIC PETROLOGY AND GEOCHEMISTRY | | |
| 20. | Oxygen-isotope constraints on serpentinization processes in ultramafic rocks from the Mid-Atlantic Ridge (23°N) | |
| 21. | Greenschist facies hydrothermal alteration of oceanic gabbros: a case study of element mobility and reaction paths | |
| 22. | Fluid evolution in slow-spreading environments | |
| SECTION 4: PALEOMAGNETIC AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES STUDIES | | |
| | Magnetic anisotropy in serpentinized peridotites from Site 920: its origin and relationship to deformation fabrics | |
| 24. | Remanence characteristics of gabbros from the MARK area: implications for crustal magnetization | |
| 25. | Seismic velocities of lower crustal and upper mantle rocks from the slow-spreading Mid-Atlantic Ridge, south of the Kane Transform Zone (MARK) | |
| SECTION 5: DATA REPORTS | | |
| 26. | Data Report: Geochemistry and mineral chemistry of ultramafic rocks from the Kane area (MARK) | |
| | | |

| | CD-ROM Materials (back pocket) |
|-----|---|
| | Index |
| SEC | CTION 6: INDEX |
| 32. | Data Report: Reorientation of structural features at Sites 920 to 924 using remanent magnetization and magnetic characteristics |
| 31. | Data Report: Metamorphic mineralogy of Leg 153 gabbros |
| 30. | Data Report: Oxides, sulfides, and associated phases in veins and hydrothermally altered peridotitic rocks |
| 29. | Data Report: Mineralogic, structural, and chemical variability of mantle sections from Holes 920B and 920D |
| 28. | Data Report: Geochemistry of rocks and minerals of the gabbro complex from the MARK area |
| 21. | recovered from Holes 923A and 921E in the MARK area |

The CD-ROM in the back pocket of this volume contains an electronic version of the Leg 153 Scientific Results vol-