169-1037B-57R-1, Piece 8b (44-48 cm)

Thin section: #74

ROCK NAME: Fine-grained, plagioclase-olivine-clinopyroxene-phyric basalt

GRAIN SIZE: Microcrystalline to fine-grained (seriate).

TEXTURE: Variolitic to subophitic.

PRIMARY MINERALOGY PHENOCRYSTS	PERCENT PRESENT	PERCENT ORIGINAL	SIZE (mm)	MORPHOLOGY	COMMENTS
Plagioclase	25	25	0.5-2	Laths, acicular.	Generally fresh, common zoning, inclusions of mesostasis.
Olivine	1	7	0.2-2	Euhedral	Completely altered(?) to talc, stilpnomelane(?), and rims of magnetite.
Clinopyroxene GROUNDMASS	1	3	0.4-1.5	Stubby or "ophites".	Partly altered to amphibole.
Plagioclase	38	38	0.04-0.5	Acicular, prismatic.	Fresh, minor alteration along cracks.
Clinopyroxene	10	10-21	0.02-0.4	Ophitic.	Partly altered to amphibole, talc, Fe(O,OH)x.
Magnetite	4	3	0.01-0.03	Ragged granular, acicular.	
Mesostasis	10-21	10-21			Partly altered to amphibole, talc, Fe(O,OH)x.
SECONDARY MINERALOGY Actinolite/Mg-	PERCENT	REPLACING FILLING	1		COMMENTS
hornblende	10-20	Mesostatis, cli	nopyroxene.		Intergrown, felted mats. Inner rims of olivine.
Talc	5 2	Olivine. Olivine.			
Stilpnomelane(?) Magnetite	1	Olivine.			Inner cores of replaced olivine. Opaque rims around replaced olivine.

COMMENTS: Identification of stilpnomelane is tentative. A green, brownish-yellow pleochroic mineral is commonly present at the cores of many replaced olivine(?) phenocrysts. The out rims are surrounded by talc and armoring of secondary magnetite. This mineral is uniaxial negative, with high second order birefringence. The presence of 2 orthogonal cleavages supports the identification as stilpnomelane as opposed to biotite. Presence of high temperature K-bearing phases is unusual in ocean floor rocks, in which K is normally quantitatively stripped at elevated temperatures (>200°C). This may indicate a secondary event of hydrothermal activity that overprints seafloor (low-temperature) weathering, resulting in K-enriched basalts.

169-1037B-58R-1, Piece 6 (61-64 cm)

Thin section: #75

ROCK NAME: Fine-grained basalt.

GRAIN SIZE: Microcrystalline to fine-grained (seriate).

TEXTURE: Intersertal to subophitic.

PRIMARY	PERCENT	PERCENT	SIZE		
MINERALOGY	PRESENT	ORIGINAL	(mm)	MORPHOLOGY	COMMENTS
PHENOCRYSTS					
Plagioclase	10	10	1-2	Laths, acicular.	Generally fresh, some corroded margins.
Olivine (?)	Tr	5	0.5-1	Prismatic.	Trace of remnant grains, altered to green mica, amphibole, talc, agetite, amorphousilica(?), calcite.
GROUNDMASS					
Plagioclase	40	40	0.04-1	Laths, acicular.	Fresh, minor clay alteration along cracks.
Clinopyroxene	5	15	0.04-1	Ophitic, subhedral.	Mostly altered to amphibole.
Magnetite	7	5	0.01-0.1	Granular, acicular.	Commonly in orthogonal or 120° criss- cross pattern.
Mesostasis	10-25	25			Amphibole, secondary magnetite.
SECONDARY		REPLACING	·/		
MINERALOGY	PERCENT	FILLING			COMMENTS
Actinolitic hornblende	10-35	Clinopyroxene	e, mesostasis.		
Iron-oxyhydroxides/		17			
Clay minerals	5-10	With amphibo	le, after olivine	and groundmass.	
Talc	Trace	Olivine.		<u> </u>	
Magnetite	7	Mesostasis, ol	ivine.		
Calcite	Trace	Olivine.			
Amorphous silica	Trace	Olivine.			
VESICLES/		SIZE			
CAVITIES	PERCENT	(mm)	FILLING	SHAPE	COMMENTS
Vesicles	1	1	Amphibole.	Rounded.	Filled with actinolitic hornblende.

COMMENTS: Thin section crosscut by two thin (<0.5 mm) actinolitic-hornblende veinlets with a 1-2 mm envelope of amphibole- and iron-oxyhydroxide-rich groundmass, altered clinopyroxene and olivine phenocrysts.

 $\it N.B.$ - Each side of the chilled margin is described separately.

169-1037B-58R-2, Piece 3 (21-24 cm), first half

Thin section: #76

ROCK NAME: Chilled margin between cryptocrystalline plagioclase-olivine basalt and microcrystalline

to fine-grained plagioclase-olivine-phyric basalt

ROCK NAME: Plagioclase-olivine-phyric basalt

GRAIN SIZE: Cryptocrystalline-glassy. **TEXTURE:** Porphyritic, quenched.

PRIMARY MINERALOGY	PERCENT PRESENT	PERCENT ORIGINAL	SIZE (mm)	MORPHOLOGY	COMMENTS
PHENOCRYSTS					
Plagioclase	20	20	0.1-2	Laths.	
Olivine	4	5	0.5-1	Sub- to euhedral.	Rims of Fe(O,OH)x and clays.
GROUNDMASS					•
Mesostasis	73			Quenched to variolitic.	Varioles along chill, incipient plagioclase and clinopyroxene.
SECONDARY MINERALOGY Amphibole	PERCENT 3	REPLACING FILLING Olivine, vesic			COMMENTS With Fe(O,OH)x.
VESICLES/ CAVITIES Vesicles	PERCENT 2	SIZE (mm) 0.2-1	FILLING Amphibole.	SHAPE Rounded.	COMMENTS More common towards chill.

COMMENTS: Varioles along chilled margin. A number of very fine (0.1 mm) amphibole veins along margin and into the quench zone. Quenched zone approximately 2 mm wide.

169-1037B-58R-2, Piece 3 (21-24 cm), second half

Thin section: #76

ROCK NAME: Plagioclase-olivine-phyric basalt. **GRAIN SIZE:** Microcrystalline to fine-grained

TEXTURE: Intersertal.

PRIMARY MINERALOGY	PERCENT PRESENT	PERCENT ORIGINAL	SIZE (mm)	MORPHOLOGY	COMMENTS
PHENOCRYSTS					
Plagioclase	15	15	0.4-2	Prismatic.	Glomerocrystic.
Olivine	1	3	0.2-0.5	Subhedral.	With plagioclase. Mostly rimmed and corroded by amphibole.
GROUNDMASS					• •
Plagioclase	25	25	0.04-0.4		
Clinopyroxene	10-25	25	0.04-0.5	Stubby, ophitic.	
Magnetite	5	5	0.01-0.08	Granular or acicular.	
Mesostasis	10-25	25		Irregular patches.	Irregular patches (>1 mm).
SECONDARY		REPLACING	/		
MINERALOGY	PERCENT	FILLING			COMMENTS
Actinolite	15-30	Mesostasis, ol	ivine, clinopyro	xene, veins, vesicles.	Probably with associated clay minerals and Fe(O,OH)x.
Calcite	Trace	Olivine cores.			
VESICLES/ CAVITIES Vesicles	PERCENT 2	SIZE (mm) 0.5-1	FILLING Actinolite	SHAPE Subrounded.	COMMENTS

COMMENTS: A number of 0.5 mm amphibole veins. This side of the chilled margin is also finer grained towards the chill and apparently quenched. Quenched zone 1-2 mm wide. Some merging of magmas?

169-1037B-58R-2, Piece 9b (65-70 cm)

Thin section: #77

ROCK NAME: Plagioclase-olivine-phyric basalt.

GRAIN SIZE: Cryptocrystalline-glassy.

TEXTURE: Porphyritic.

PRIMARY PERCENT PERCENT SIZE MINERALOGY PRESENT ORIGINAL MORPHOLOGY COMMENTS (mm) PHENOCRYSTS 0.1-2.5 15 15 Plagioclase Acicular laths. Scattered throughout groundmass, commonly glomerocrystic. 2 Olivine 4 0.5 - 1Mostly fresh; commonly with red ragged Stubby, prismatic. alteration rims (Clays + Fe(O,OH)x(?)). **GROUNDMASS** 76 76 Glassy, varioles. Glassy to cryptocrystalline. Incipient Mesostasis crystals of plagioclase. 5 5 0.01-0.03 Granular. Magnetite SECONDARY REPLACING/ PERCENT **FILLING** COMMENTS MINERALOGY Actinolite 6-20 All minerals are after olivine, replacing mesostasis and filling Clays Talc veins, irregular patches, and vesicles. Fe(O,OH)x VESICLES/ SIZE **CAVITIES** PERCENT **FILLING** SHAPE COMMENTS (mm) 0.5 - 1Vesicles Actinolite. Subrounded to irregular.

COMMENTS: Thin (0.1-0.5 mm) actinolite vein cuts across section; margin of discontinuous magnetite grains. Vein pinches and swells along length, necking at sinistral jogs and dilating on length sections in between.

169-1037B-60R-1, Piece 11c (118-125 cm)

Thin section: #78

ROCK NAME: Fine-grained basalt (N.B. desiccating rock).

GRAIN SIZE: Fine-grained.

TEXTURE: Intersertal to subophitic.

PRIMARY MINERALOGY GROUNDMASS	PERCENT PRESENT	PERCENT ORIGINAL	SIZE (mm)	MORPHOLOGY	COMMENTS
Plagioclase	40	40	0.04-3	Laths.	Plagioclase framework, commonly radiating.
Clinopyroxene	20-33	33	0.05-2	Subophitic, prismatic.	Generally fresh or altered to actinolite.
Olivine (?)	0	2	0.2-0.8	Prismatic.	Completely altered to clays, micas, talc, amphibole, and Fe(O,OH)x.
Magnetite	5	5	0.01-0.05	Granular.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Mesostasis	0	10			Irregular interstitial patches altered to clay minerals and actinolite.
SECONDARY MINERALOGY Actinolite } Clays } Fe(O,OH)x } Talc }	PERCENT All Minerals 15-30	REPLACING FILLING After groundnr filling vesicles olivine and cli	nass, s and replacing		COMMENTS
VESICLES/ CAVITIES Vesicles	PERCENT 10	SIZE (mm) 0.5-3	FILLING Fibrous amphibole.	SHAPE Subrounded to irregular	COMMENTS

COMMENTS: This sample is from the zone of unusual desiccation, where on drying coherent pieces of basalt collapsed into flaky powder. The reason for the decay is still not obvious from this section, though large portions of the slice are completely plucked out. Presumably plucking is most intense in regions that were most altered. XRD confirms presence of smectite in rock.

169-1037B-61R-1, Piece 2 (104-112 cm)

Thin section: #79

ROCK NAME: Plagioclase-clinopyroxene-olivine basalt

GRAIN SIZE: Fine- to medium-grained. **TEXTURE:** Intersertal to ophitic, diabasic.

PERCENT PERCENT PRIMARY SIZE MINERALOGY PRESENT **ORIGINAL** MORPHOLOGY **COMMENTS** (mm) 47 0.2-3 Rare, anhedral plagioclase co-crystallized Plagioclase Laths, prismatic. 48 with clinopyroxene. Clinopyroxene 25-30 37 0.2 - 3Subhedral, ophitic. Generally fresh. Olivine 5 0.2 - 1Prismatic. Mostly altered, some relict cores. Magnetite 5 0.05-1Subhedral, prismatic. 0 Mesostasis 5 SECONDARY REPLACING/ PERCENT MINERALOGY FILLING COMMENTS Clay minerals + Fe(O,OH)x 5-15 Mesostasis, olivine, some clinopyroxene. Talc VESICLES/ SIZE **CAVITIES** PERCENT **FILLING** SHAPE COMMENTS (mm) Vesicles

COMMENTS: Generally a very fresh rock. Some alteration of groundmass, olivines, and clinopyroxenes.

169-1037B-62R-1, Piece 5b (126-128 cm)

Thin section: #80

ROCK NAME: Plagioclase-clinopyroxene diabase

GRAIN SIZE: Medium-grained.

TEXTURE: Ophitic.

PRIMARY MINERALOGY Plagioclase		PERCENT PRESENT 47	PERCENT ORIGINAL 48	SIZE (mm) 0.5-4	MORPHOLOGY Laths.	COMMENTS
Clinopyroxene Olivine Magnetite		15-25 0 5	37 3 5	0.2-3 0.2-0.5 0.05-3	Ophitic. Prismatic. Granular, needles.	Altered to green-brown pleochroic mica.
Mesostasis		0	7			Altered to secondary minerals.
SECONDARY MINERALOGY		PERCENT	REPLACING FILLING	•		COMMENTS
Clay minerals ±Fe(O,OH)x Actinolite Green mica Talc	<pre>} } } }</pre>	20-30	Olivine(?), cli	nopyroxene	(partial), mesostasis.	

169-1037B-62R-3, Piece 6 (82-86 cm)

Thin section: #81

ROCK NAME: Plagioclase-clinopyroxene-olivine basalt

GRAIN SIZE: Medium- to coarse-grained. **TEXTURE:** Holocrystalline; microgabbroic.

PRIMARY MINERALOGY Plagioclase Clinopyroxene		PERCENT PRESENT 40 45	PERCENT ORIGINAL 41 47	SIZE (mm) 0.5-5 0.5-6	MORPHOLOGY Laths. Large subhedral patches.	COMMENTS
Olivine Magnetite Mesostasis		2 4 0	5 5 2	0.2-1 0.2-1	Prismatic. Euhedral. Interstitial patches.	Partly to completely altered to secondary minerals. Some Fe(O,OH)x. Completely altered to secondary minerals.
SECONDARY MINERALOGY Clay minerals +Fe(O,OH)x Talc	} } }	PERCENT 10-20	REPLACING FILLING	<i>:</i> /		COMMENTS

COMMENTS: Coarse-grained basalt. Beyond ophitic in texture. Clinopyroxene now makes up the structure of the rock with plagioclase laths isolated within large clinopyroxene grains. A "microgabbro."