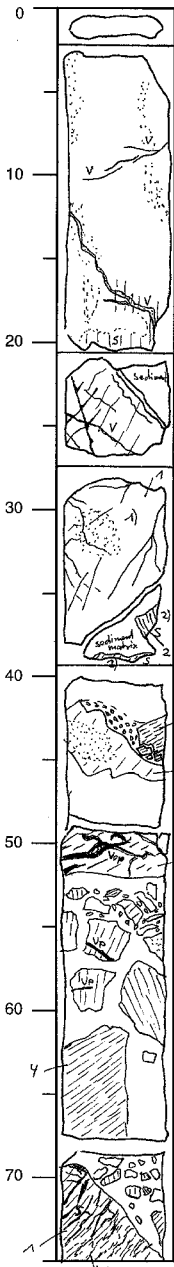


# STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY DESCRIPTION

Leg	Hole	Core	Section	Observer
173	1068A	16R	1	GM



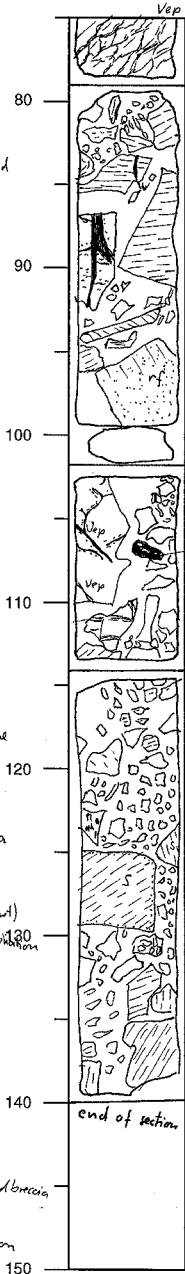
sediment (= matrix)  
clast  
 - veins partly with clay matrix  
 - altered zones overprint foliation  
 - patches where the foliation is preserved

sediment (= matrix)  
clast  
 - veins are the only observed structure

matrix (pure limestone)  
clasts: angular  
 1) veins and patches of alteration (chl?)  
 2) foliation

matrix: - pure limestone with exception of the top part of clast 1, where a high amount of small angular clasts can be observed  
 - matrix supported breccia  
clasts: angular  
 1) veins subhorizontal overprint a weak foliation  
 2) - foliated  
 - see lower left corner (falling apart)  
 3) - epidote veins crosscutting a weak foliation  
 4) - strong foliation

matrix: massive limestone; matrix supported breccia  
clasts: angular clasts  
 1) - epidote veins crosscut older foliation



epidote veins crosscut foliation  
matrix  
 massive, locally pure limestone matrix

clasts  
 - angular clasts  
 - partly foliated; partly altered with a relic foliation  
 - veins crosscutting the foliation

matrix: massive, locally pure limestone  
clasts: angular; few small clasts < 2mm  
 epidote clast

matrix: in some places pure limestone  
clasts: - few clasts < 2mm  
 - angular  
 - partly grains supported  
 - some grains clasts show a foliation