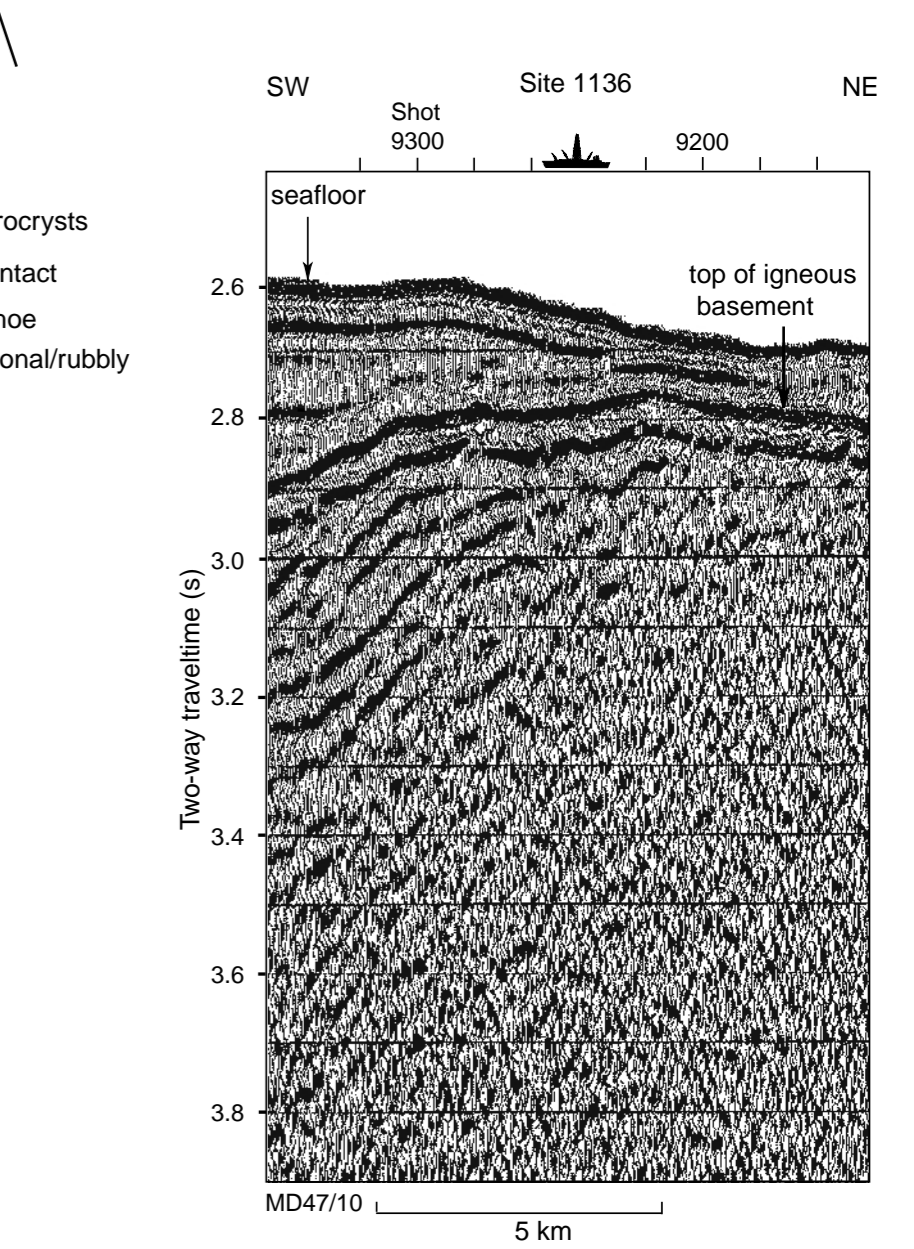
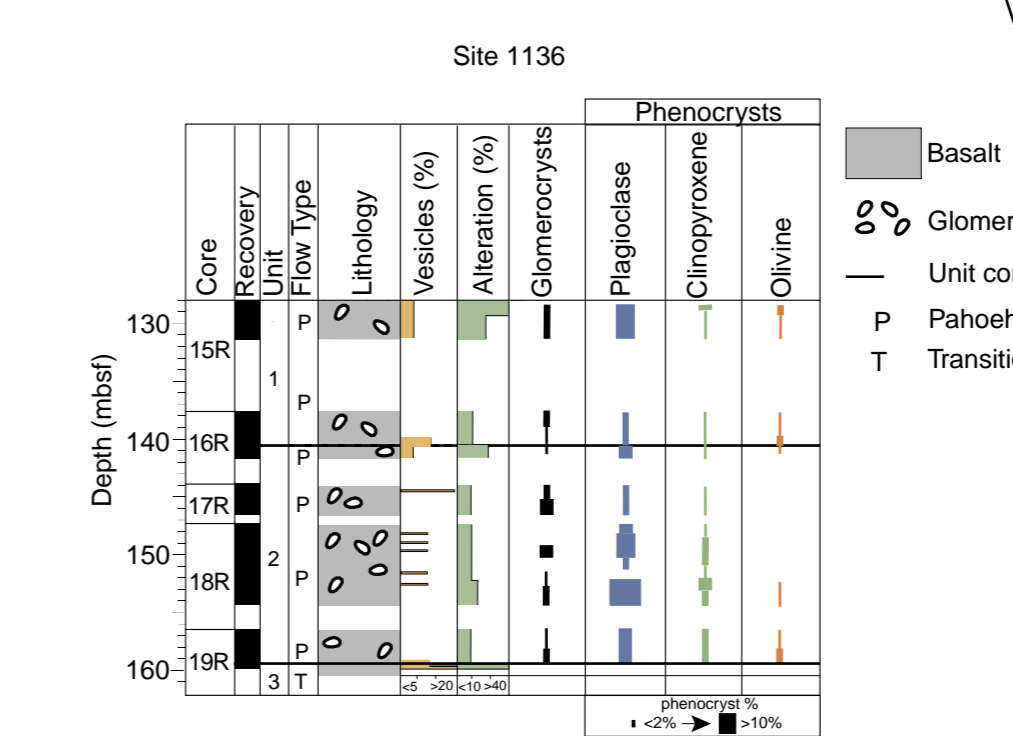
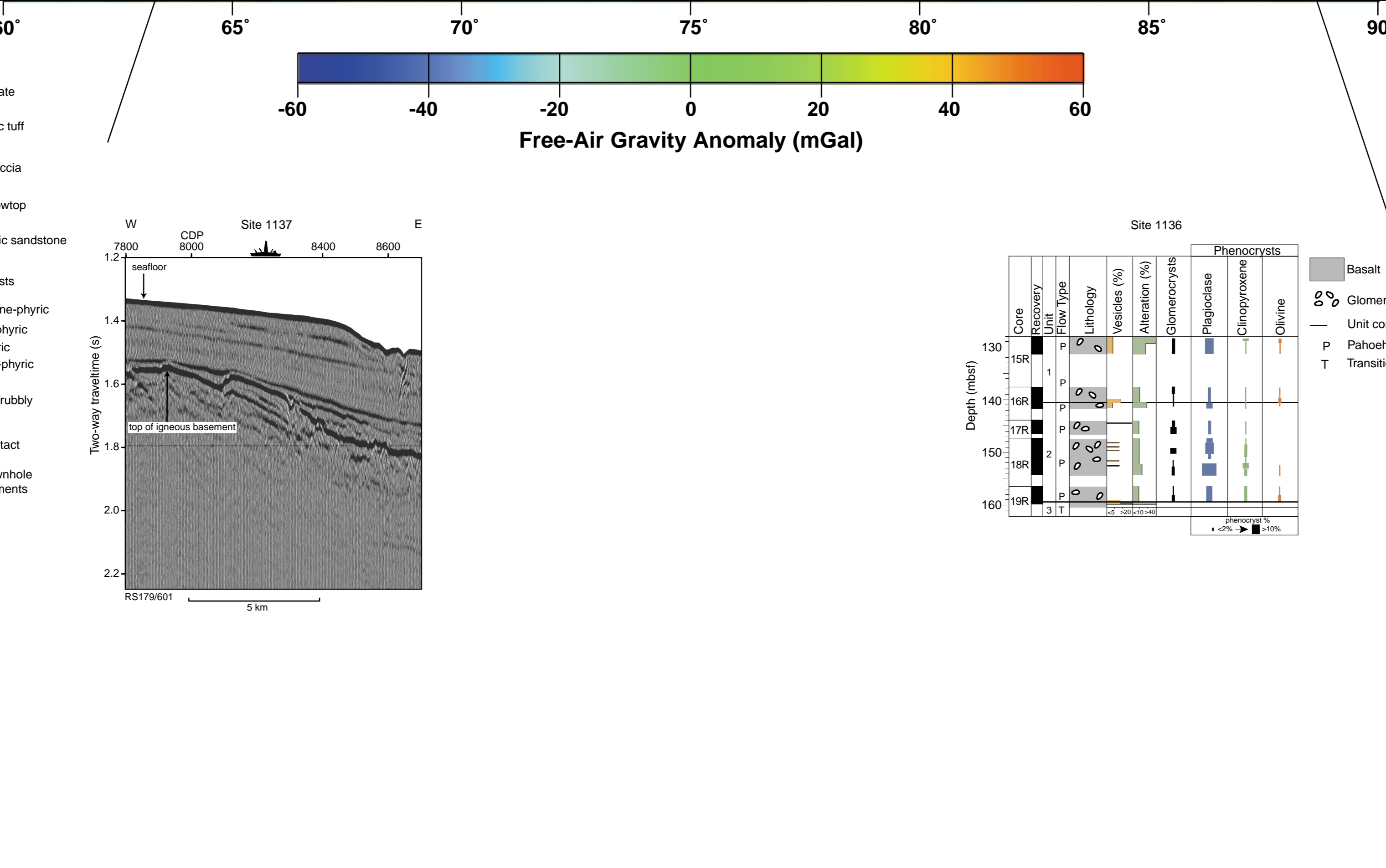
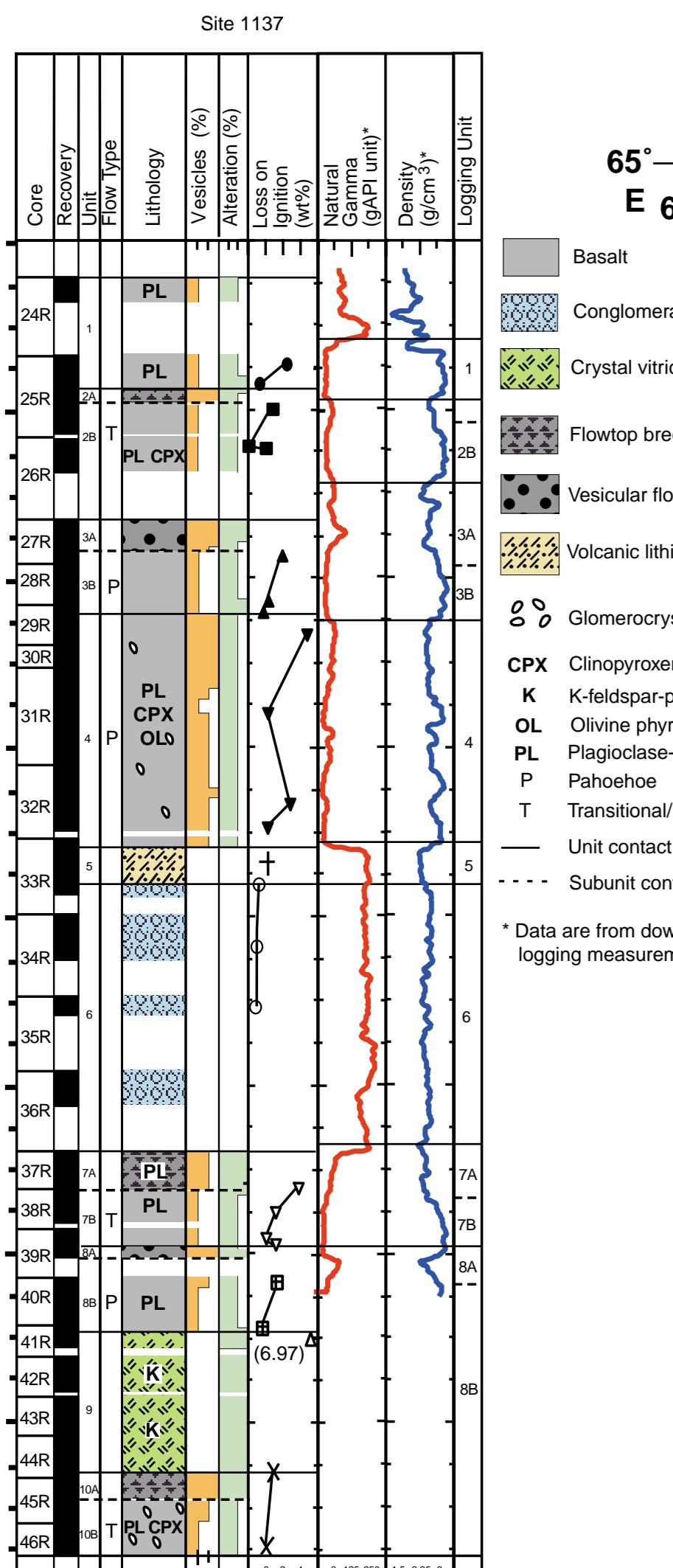
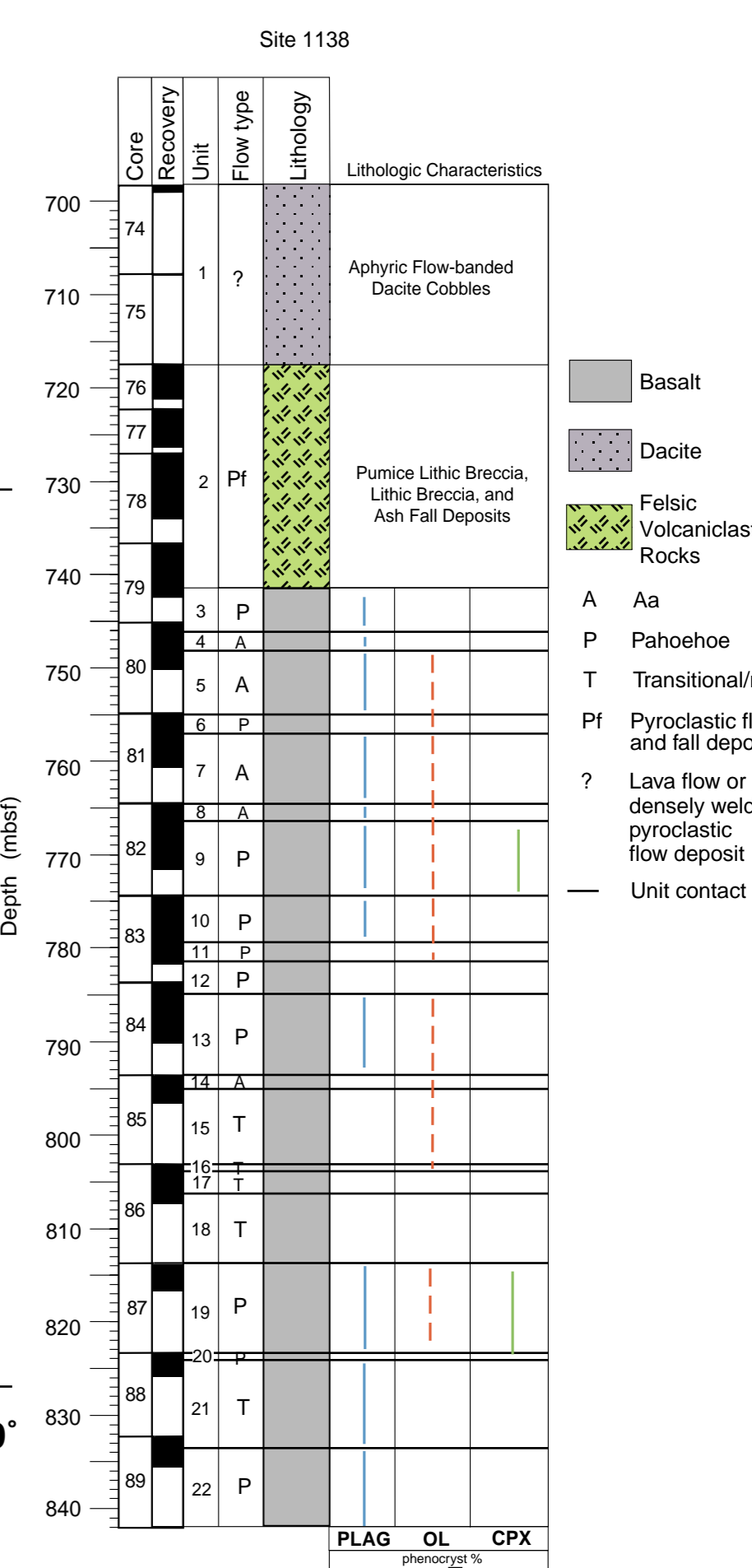
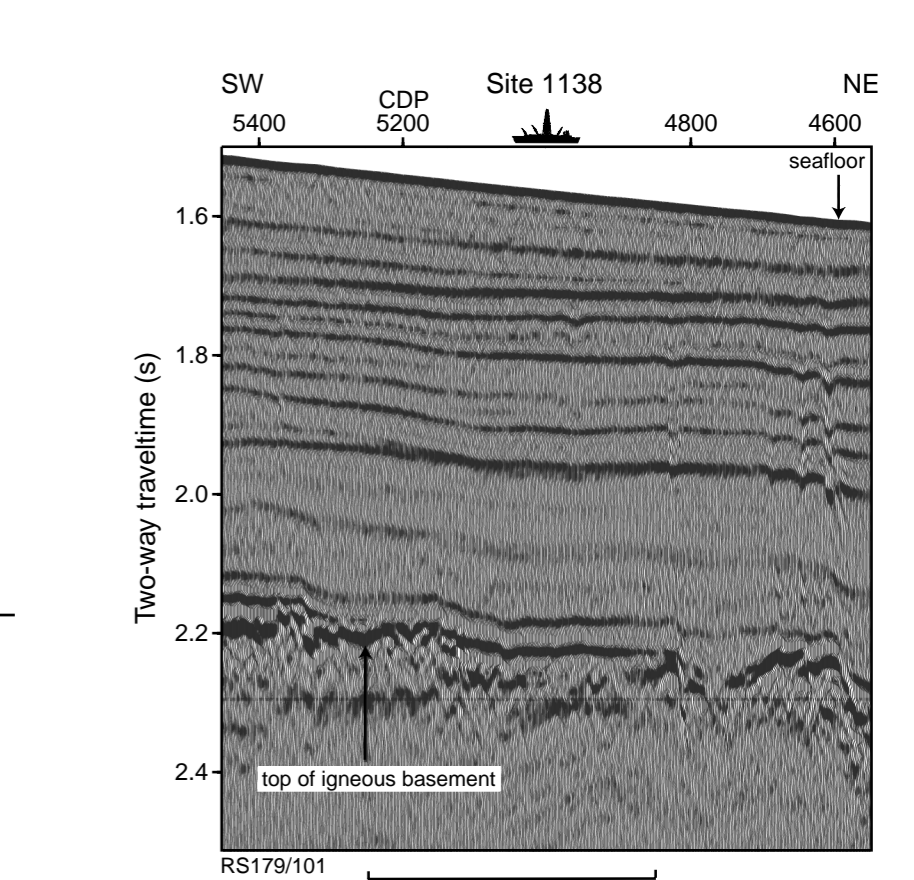
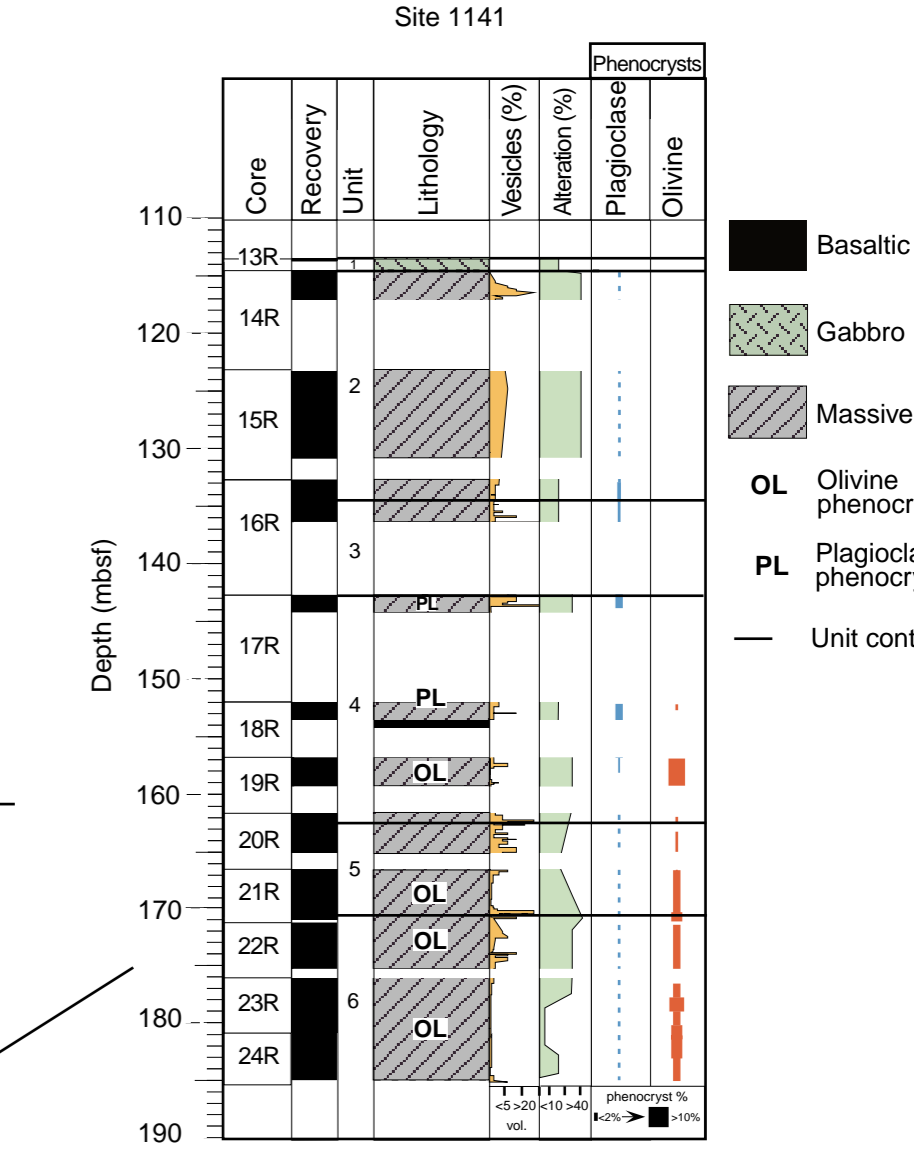
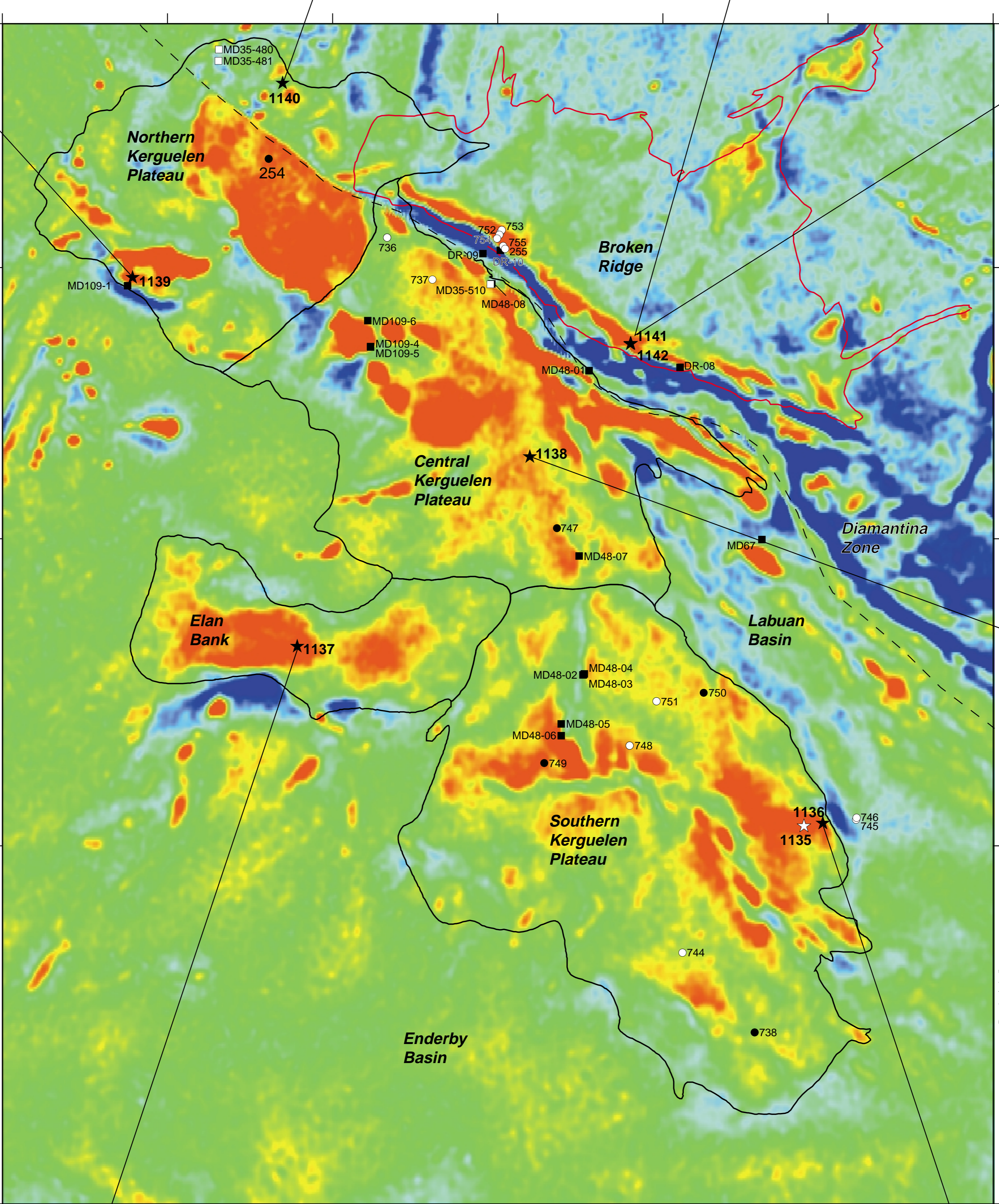
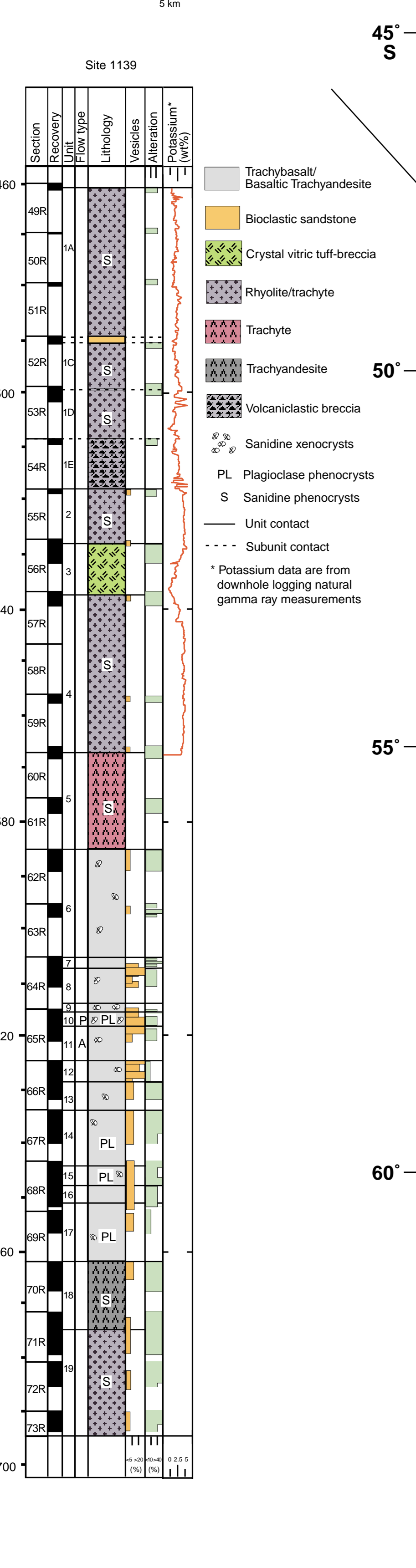
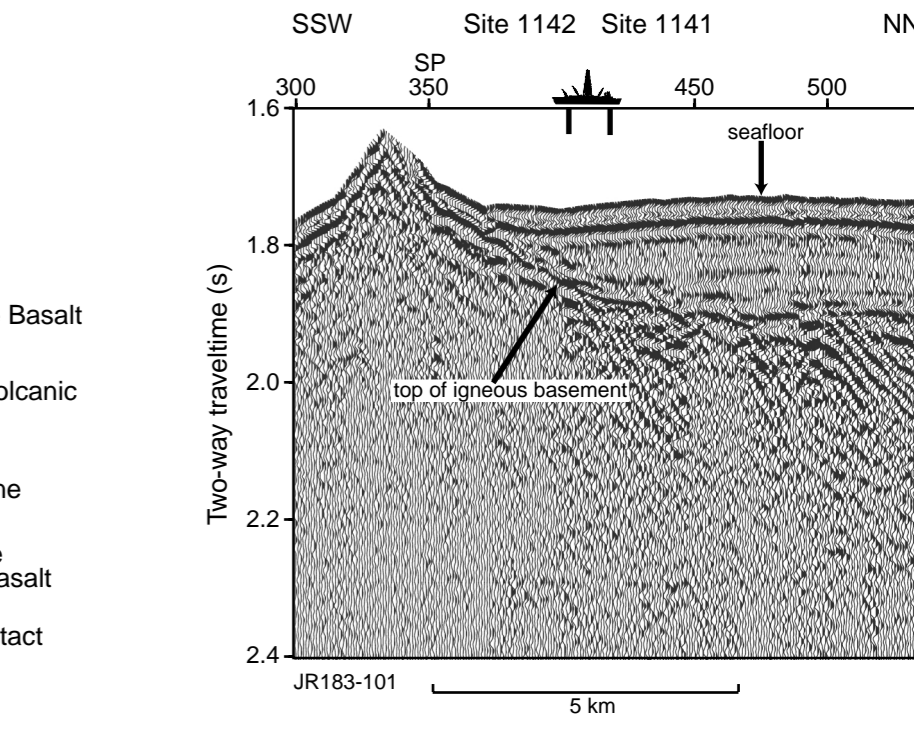
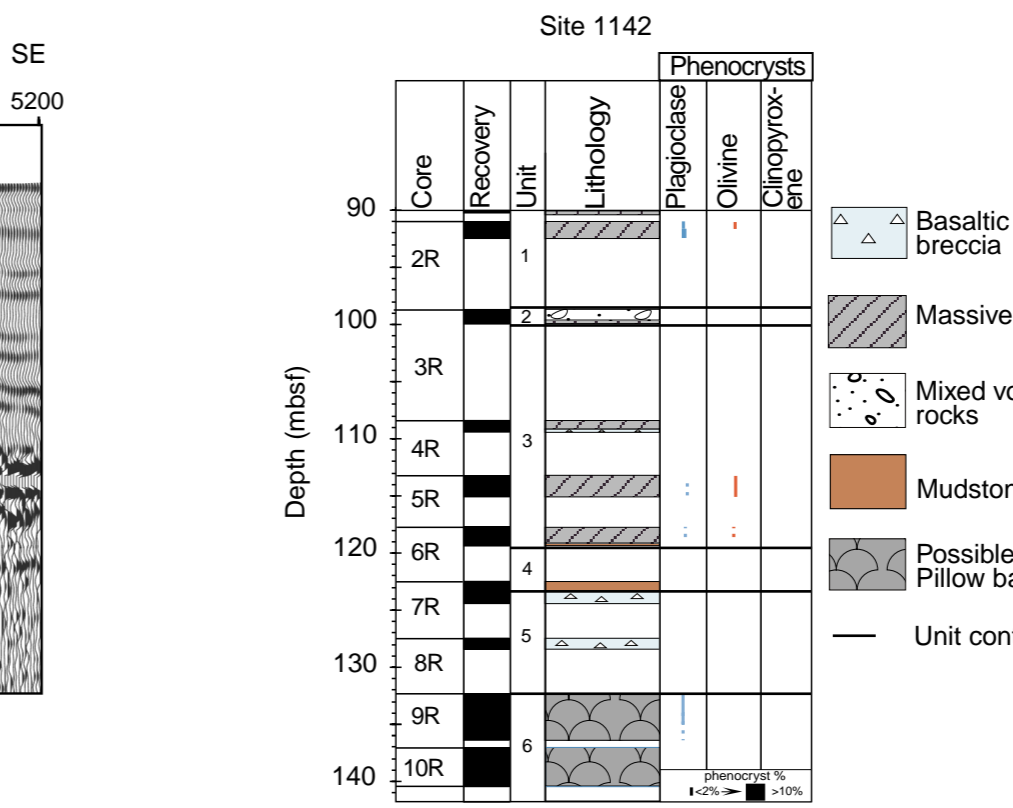
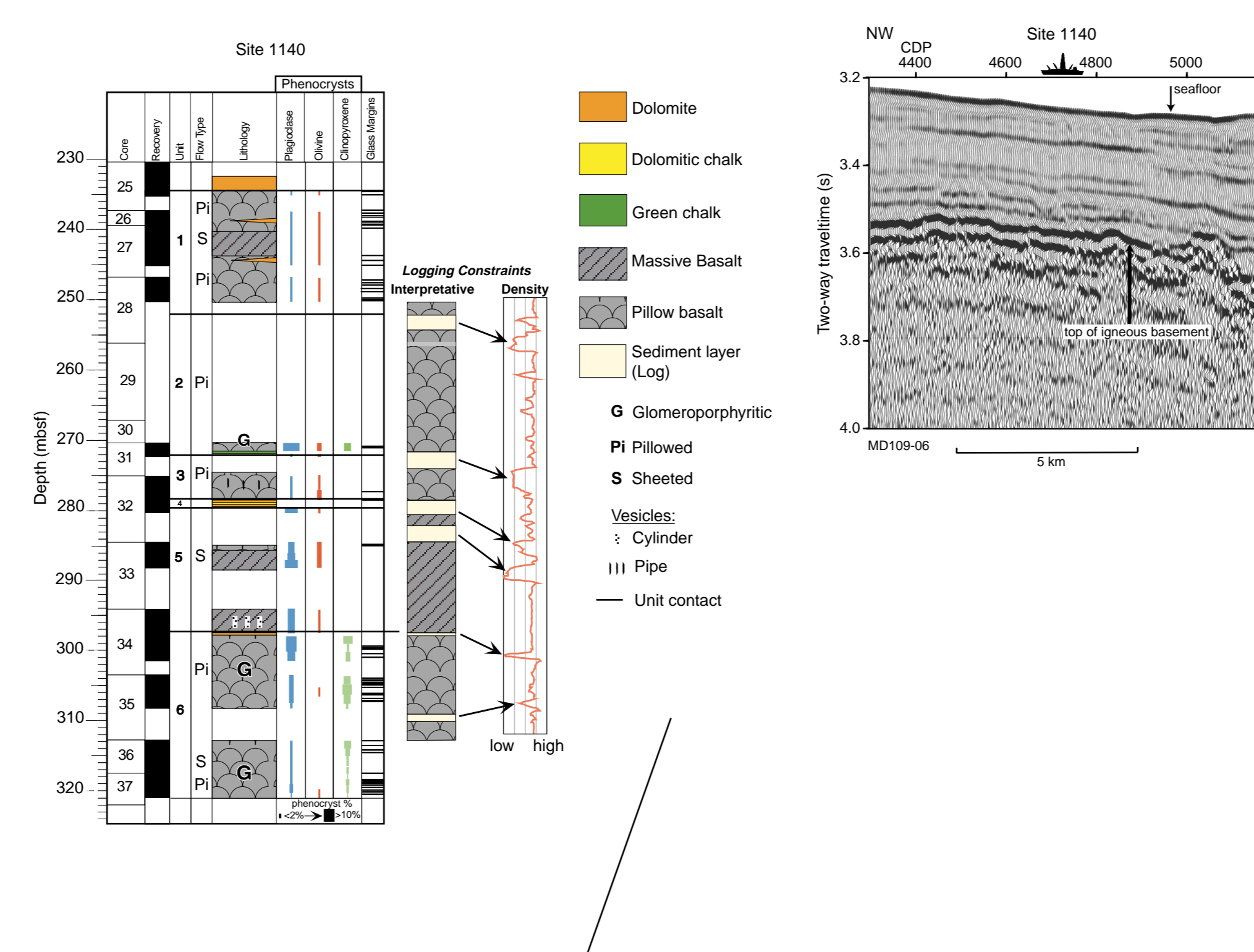
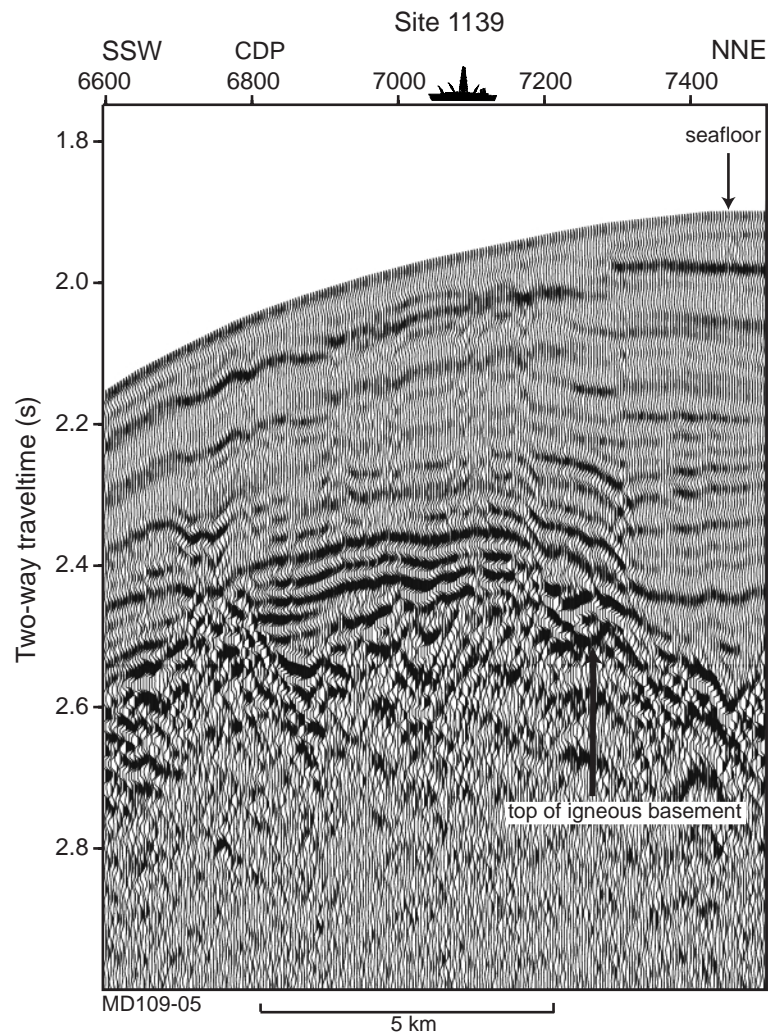


DP Proceedings, Initial Reports, Volume 183: Chapter 1, Figure 4B. Plate reconstruction of the Kerguelen Plateau and Broken Ridge free-air gravity field (Sandwell and Smith, 1997) at C18n.2n, (40.1 Ma) using rotation poles of Royer and Rollat (1997). Broken Ridge is outlined in red, and Kerguelen Plateau sector boundaries are outlined in black. The axis of breakup between the Australian (Broken Ridge) and Antarctic (Kerguelen Plateau) plates is indicated by a dashed black line. Leg 183 drill sites (stars), Legs 119 and 120 drill sites (circles), and dredge or piston core locations (squares) where igneous basement was recovered are in black; where only sediment was penetrated, the symbols are white. A seismic profile and downhole hardrock lithologic summary diagram is shown for each of the Leg 183 drill sites where basement was recovered. The portion of the northern Kerguelen Plateau that overlaps with Broken Ridge at 40.1 Ma has been eliminated in this reconstruction because drilling results from Site 1140 indicate that the igneous crust post-dates breakup of the two features. Similarly, the southernmost portion of Ninetyeast Ridge, which overlaps with the northern Kerguelen Plateau at 40.1 Ma, has been eliminated because drilling results from Site 254 indicate that the igneous crust post-dates breakup of the two features. CDP = common depth point, SP = shotpoint, MD = Marion Dufresne, JR = JODES Resolution, RS = Rig Seismic.

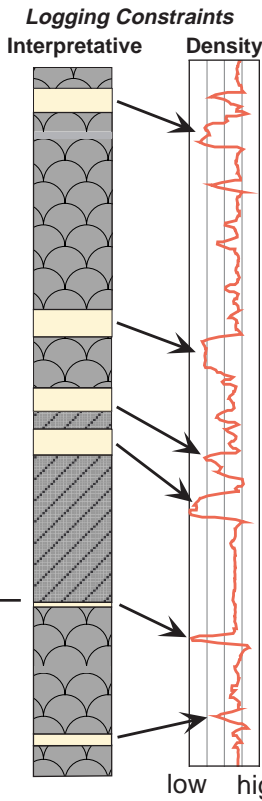
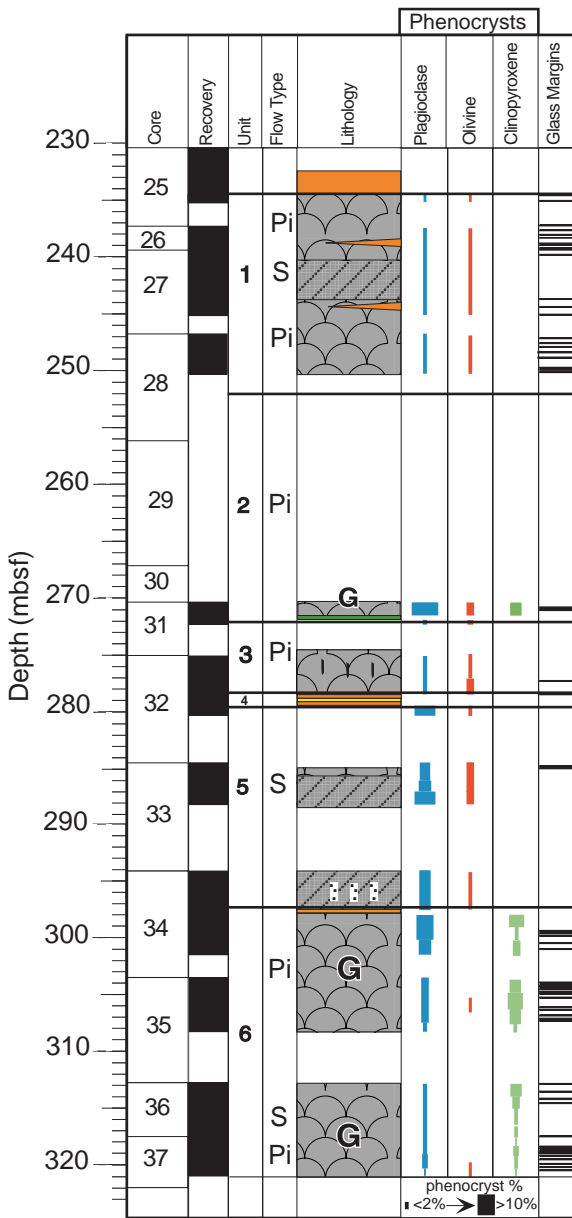


ODP Proceedings, Initial Reports, Volume 183: Chapter 1, Figure 4B.

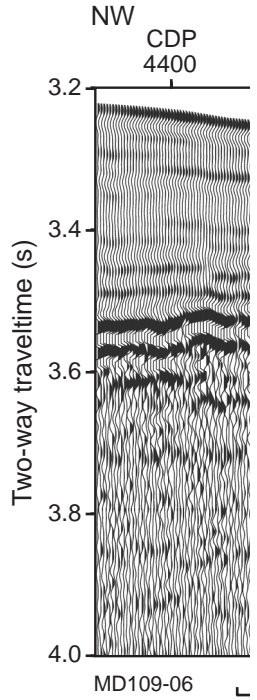
Plate reconstruction of the Kerguelen Plateau and Broken Ridge free-air gravity field (Sandwell and Smith, 1997) at C18n.2n_o (40.1 Ma) using rotation poles of Royer and Rollet (1997). Broken Ridge is outlined in red, and Kerguelen Plateau sector boundaries are outlined in black. The axis of breakup between the Australian (Broken Ridge) and Antarctic (Kerguelen Plateau) plates is indicated by a dashed black line. Leg 183 drill sites (stars), Legs 119 and 120 drill sites (circles), and dredge or piston core locations (squares) where igneous basement was recovered are in black; where only sediment was penetrated, the symbols are white. A seismic profile and downhole hardrock lithologic summary diagram is shown for each of the Leg 183 drill sites where basement was recovered. The portion of the northern Kerguelen Plateau that overlaps with Broken Ridge at 40.1 Ma has been eliminated in this reconstruction because drilling results from Site 1140 indicate that the igneous crust postdates breakup of the two features. Similarly, the southernmost portion of Ninetyeast Ridge, which overlaps with the northern Kerguelen Plateau at 40.1 Ma, has been eliminated because drilling results from Site 254 indicate that the igneous crust postdates breakup of the two features. CDP = common depth point, SP = shotpoint, MD = *Marion Dufresne*, JR = *JOIDES Resolution*, RS = *Rig Seismic*.

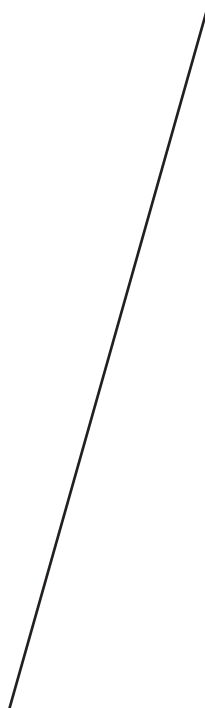
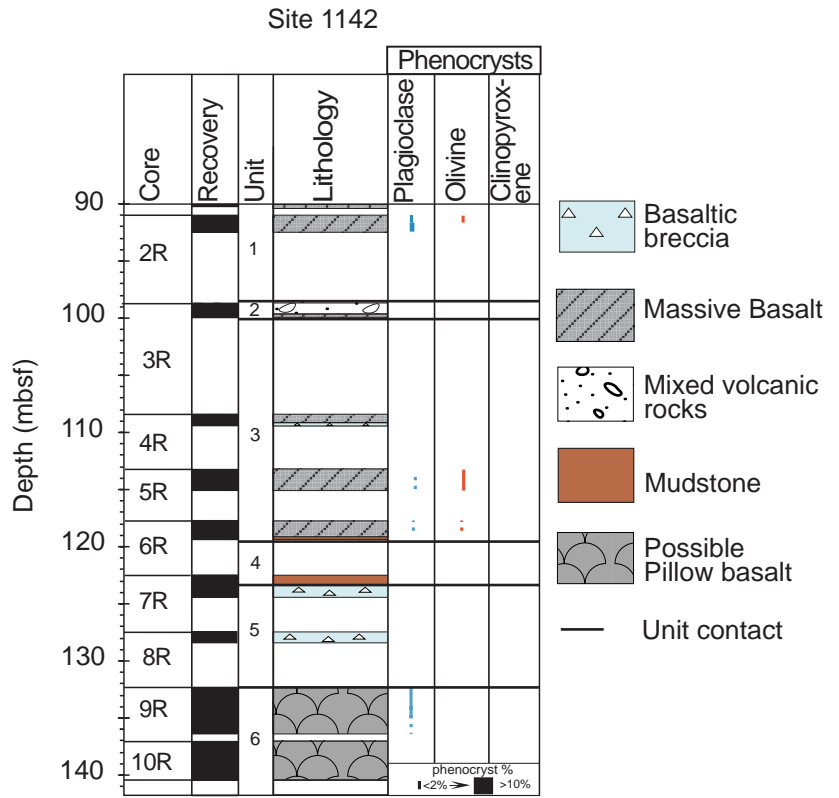
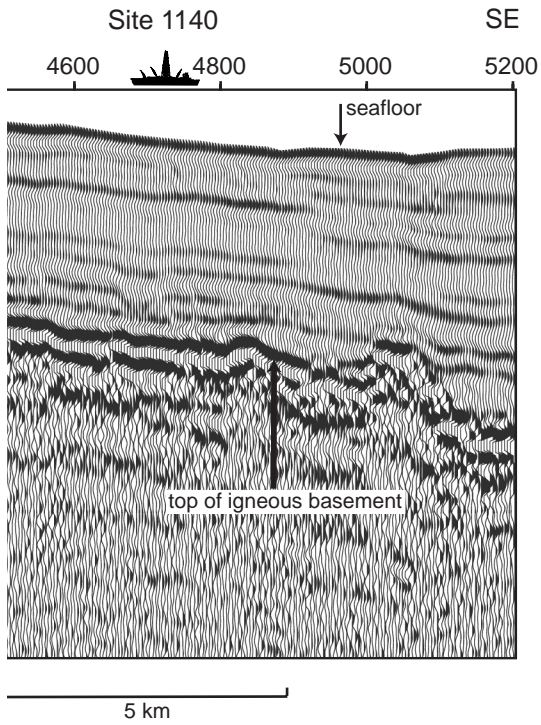


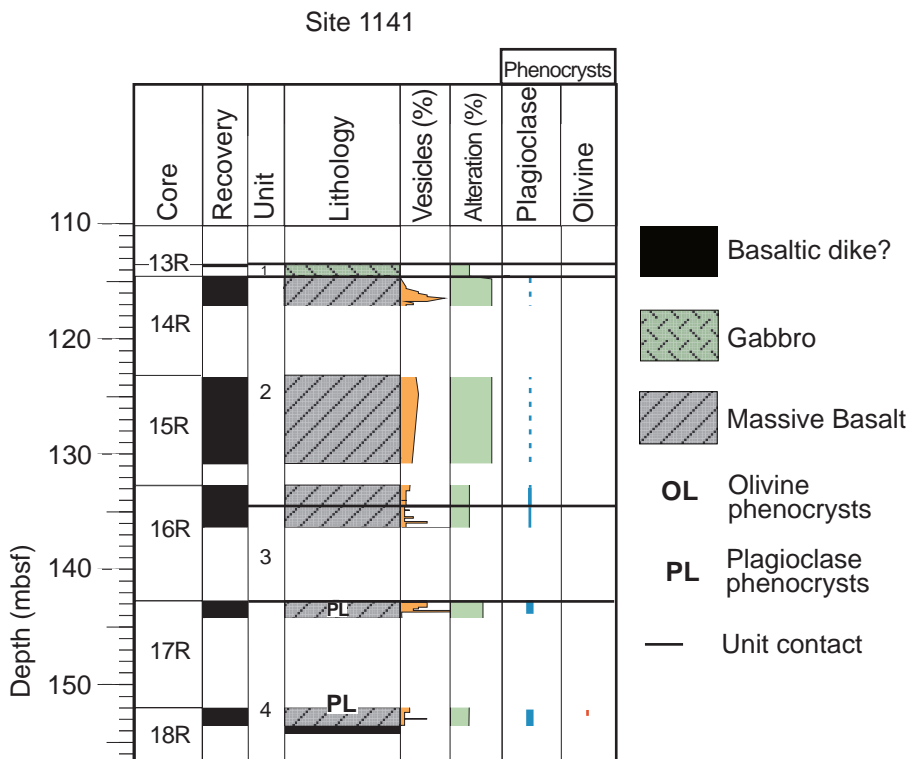
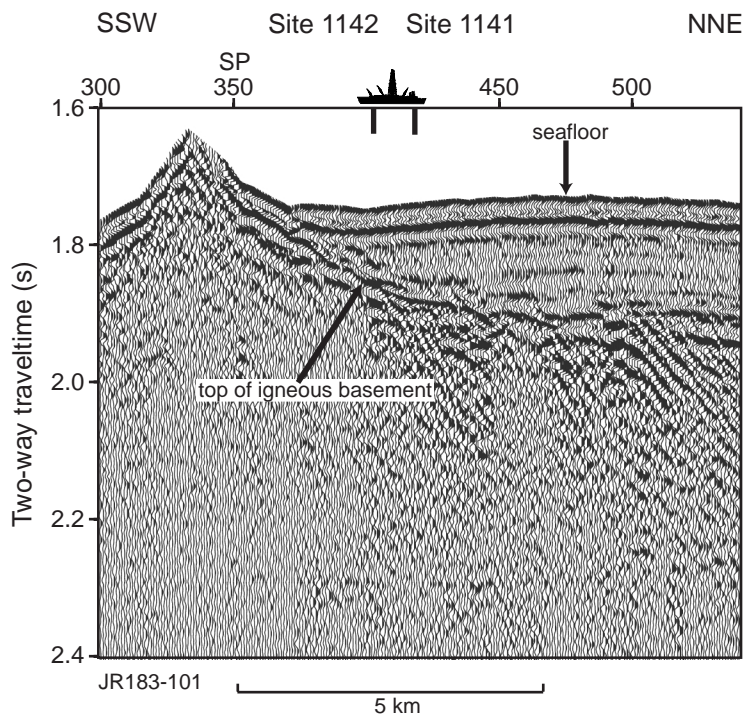
Site 1140



- Dolomite
- Dolomitic chalk
- Green chalk
- Massive Basalt
- Pillow basalt
- Sediment layer (Log)
- G** Glomeroporphyritic
- Pi** Pillowed
- S** Sheeted
- Vesicles:
- ⋮ Cylinder
- ||| Pipe
- Unit contact

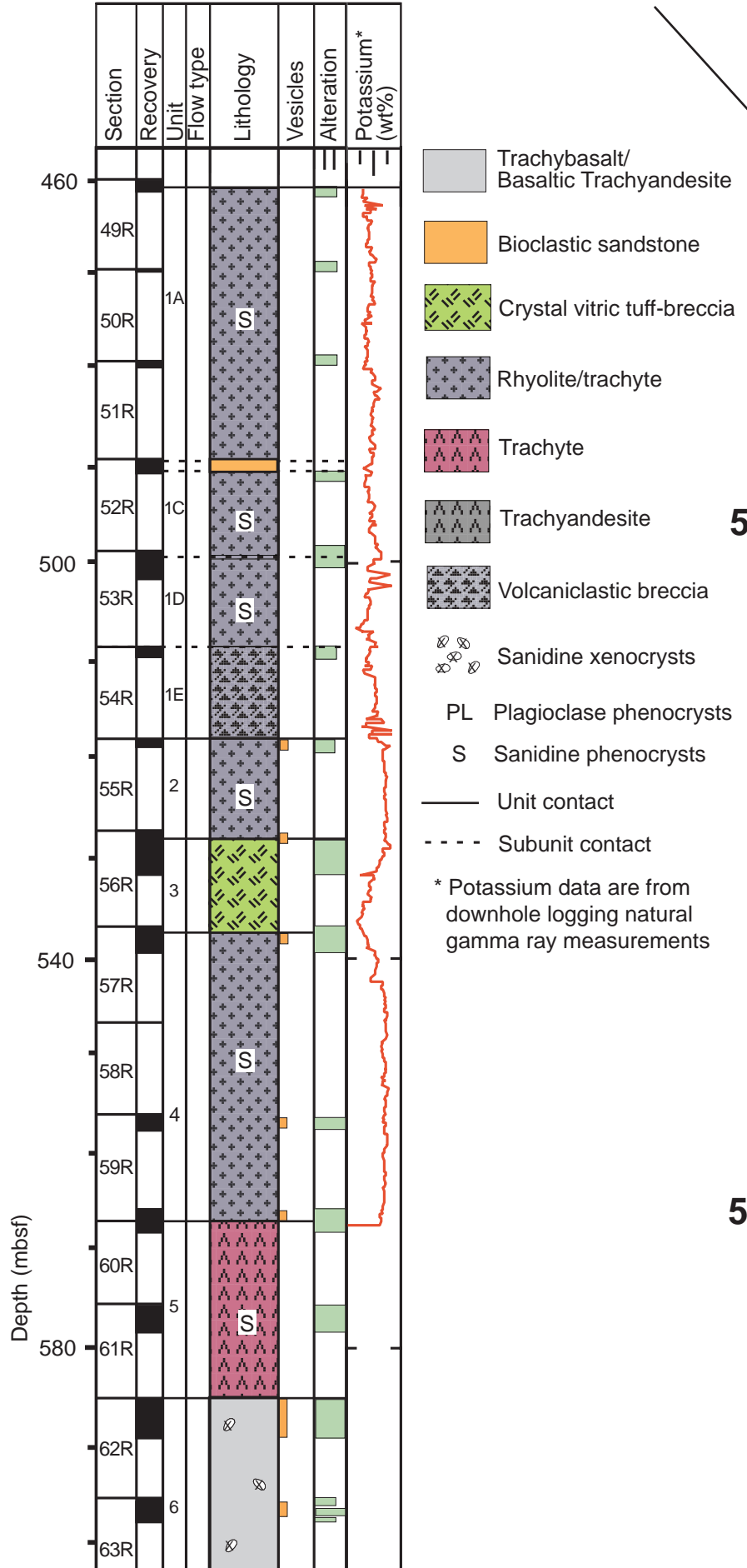






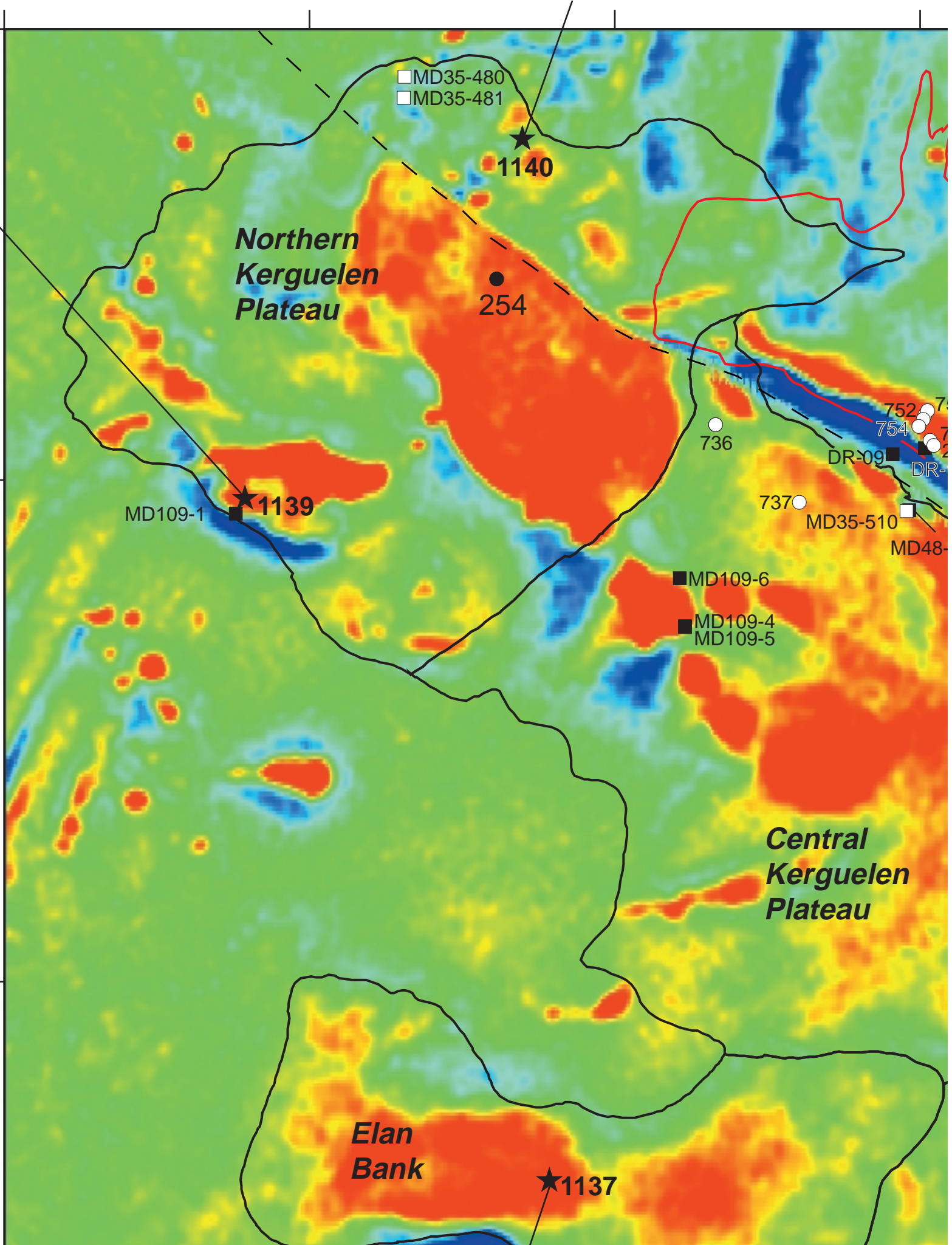
45° -
S

Site 1139



50° -

55° -



□ MD35-480
□ MD35-481

★ 1140

**Northern
Kerguelen
Plateau**

● 254

MD109-1

★ 1139

○ 736

DR-09

○ 737

MD35-510

MD48-

■ MD109-6

■ MD109-4
■ MD109-5

○ 752

○ 754

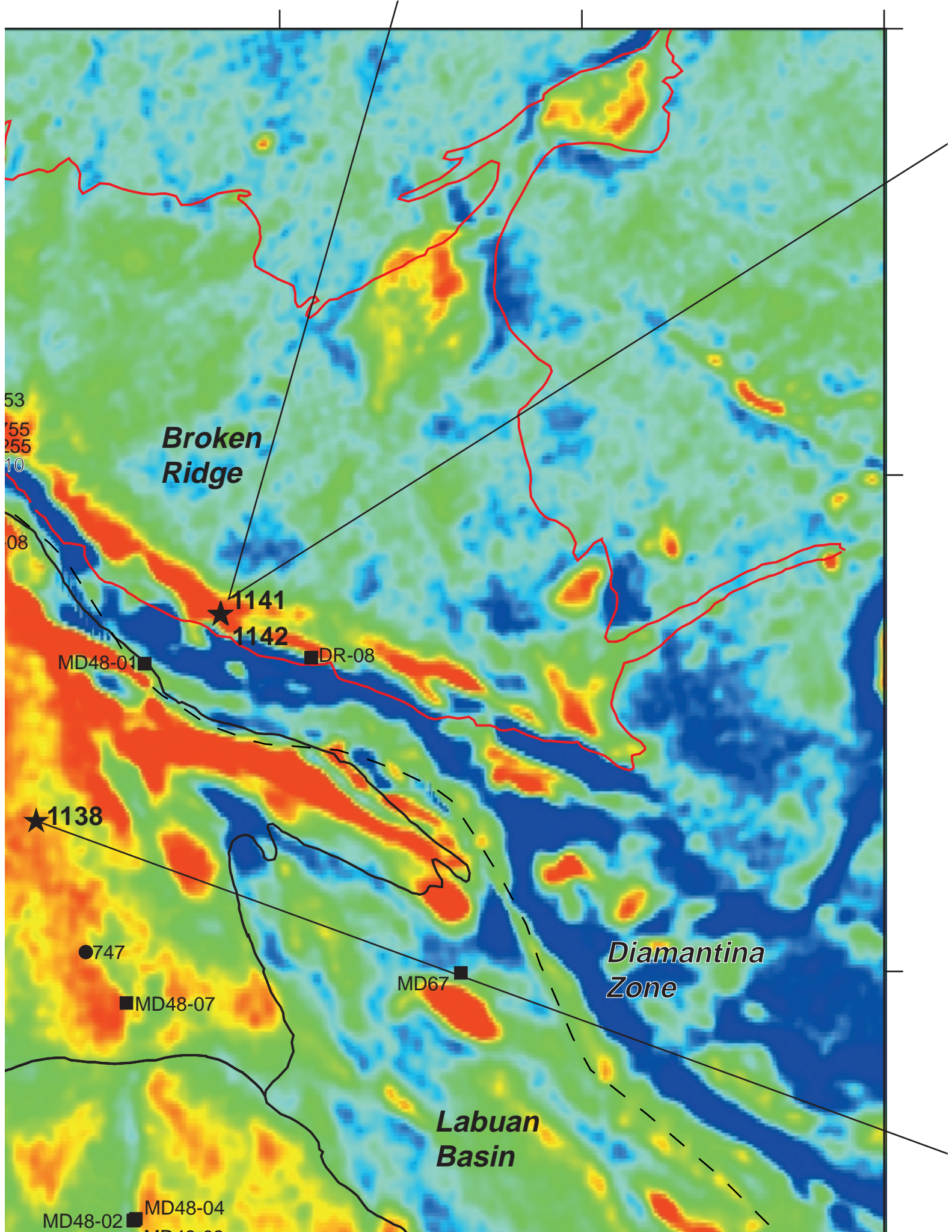
○ 755

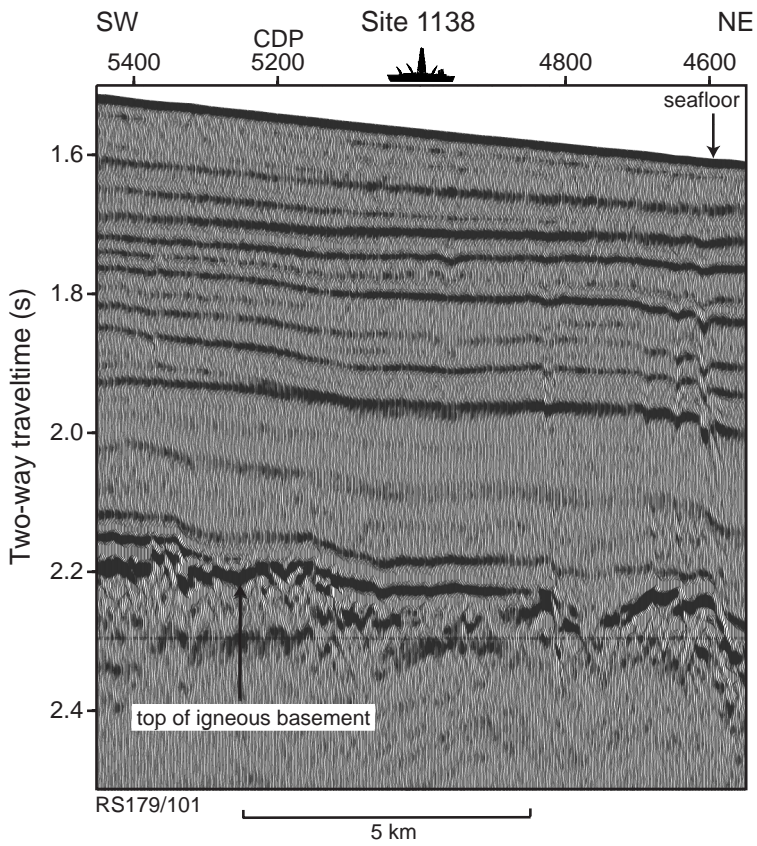
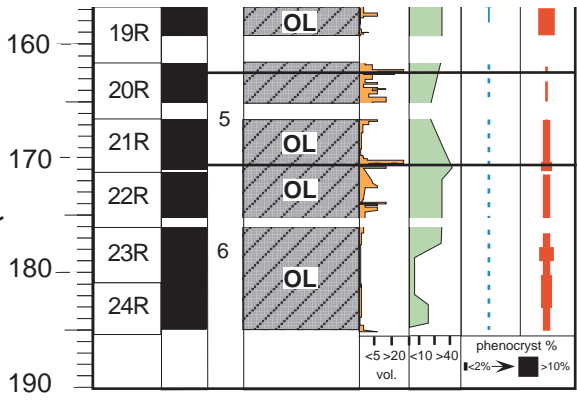
DR-

**Central
Kerguelen
Plateau**

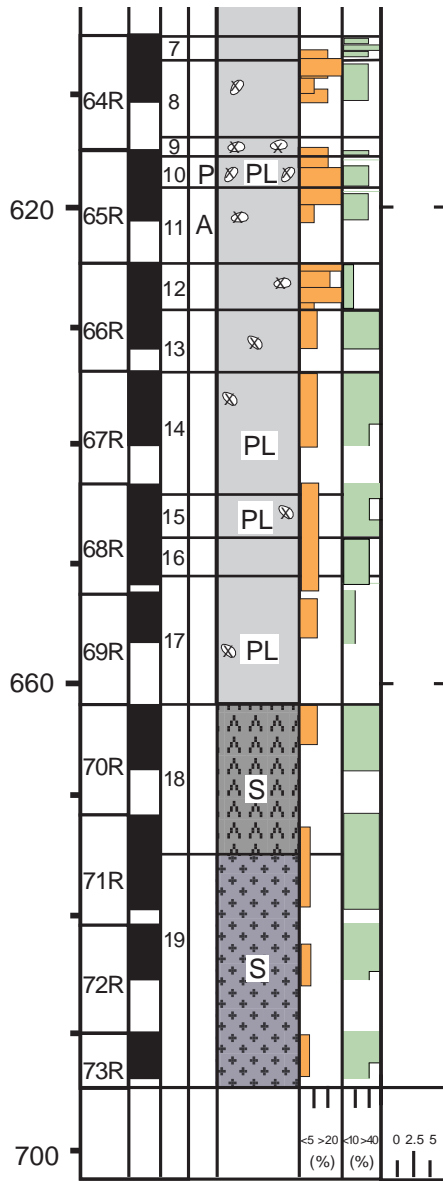
**Elan
Bank**

★ 1137

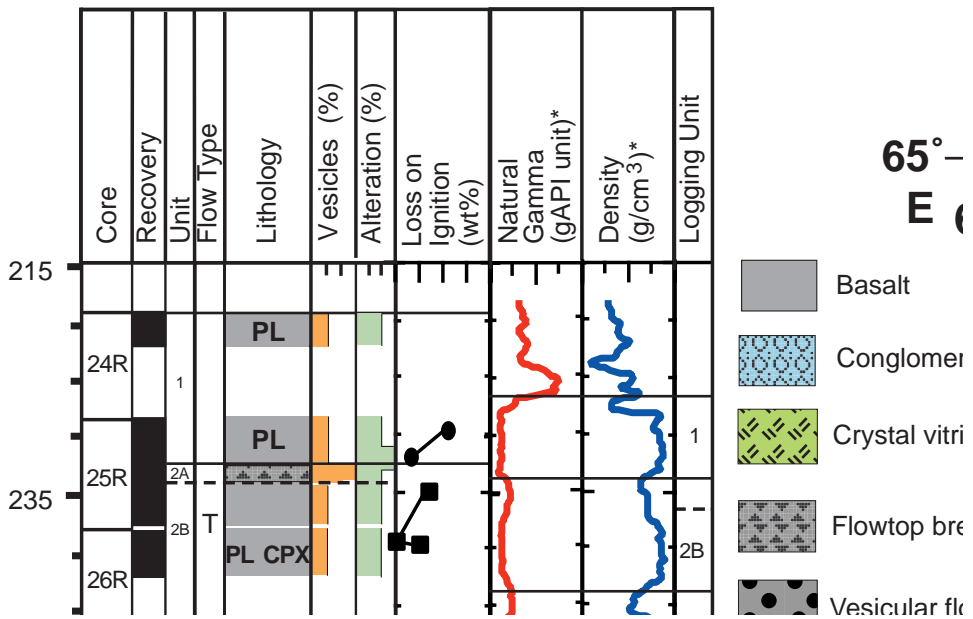


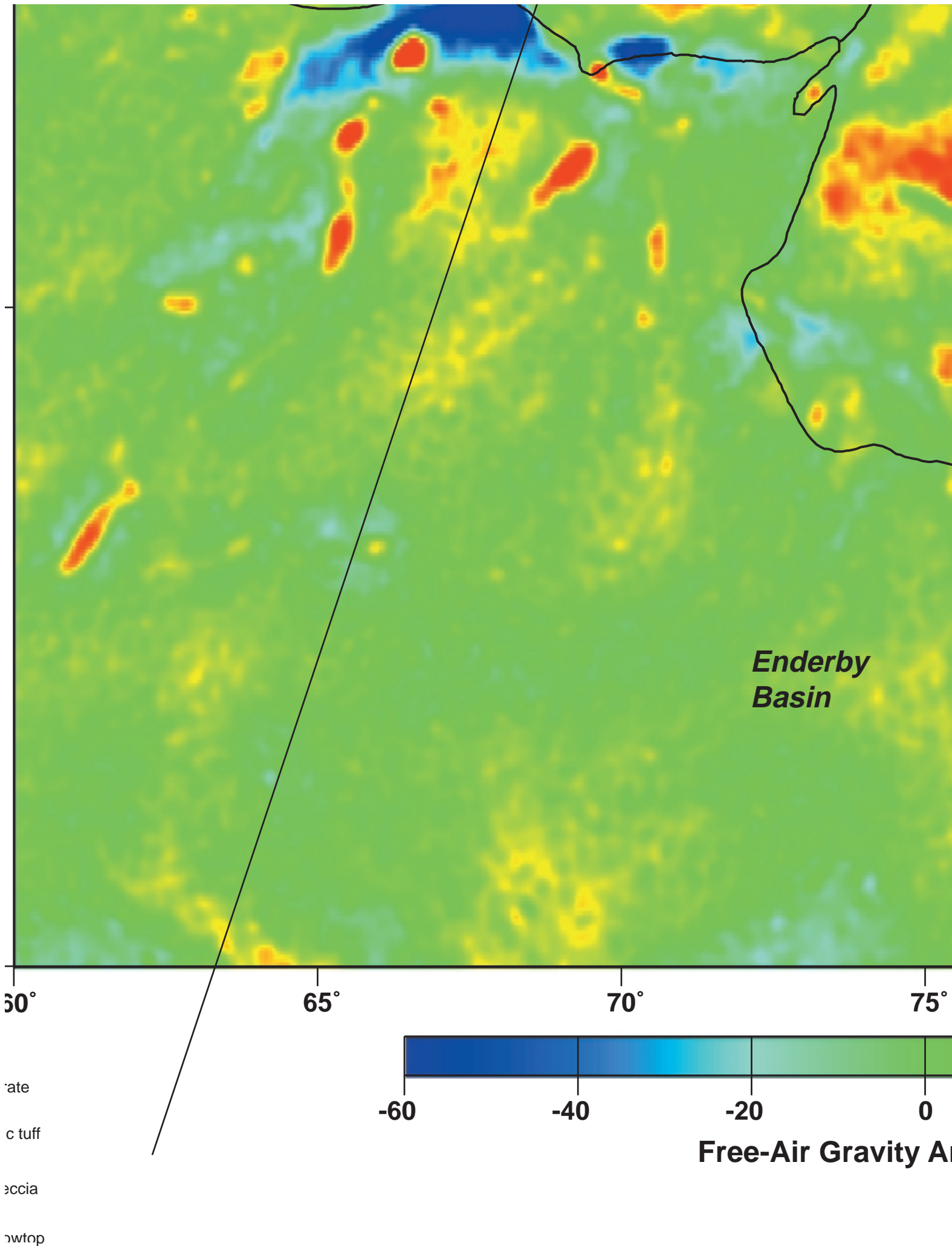


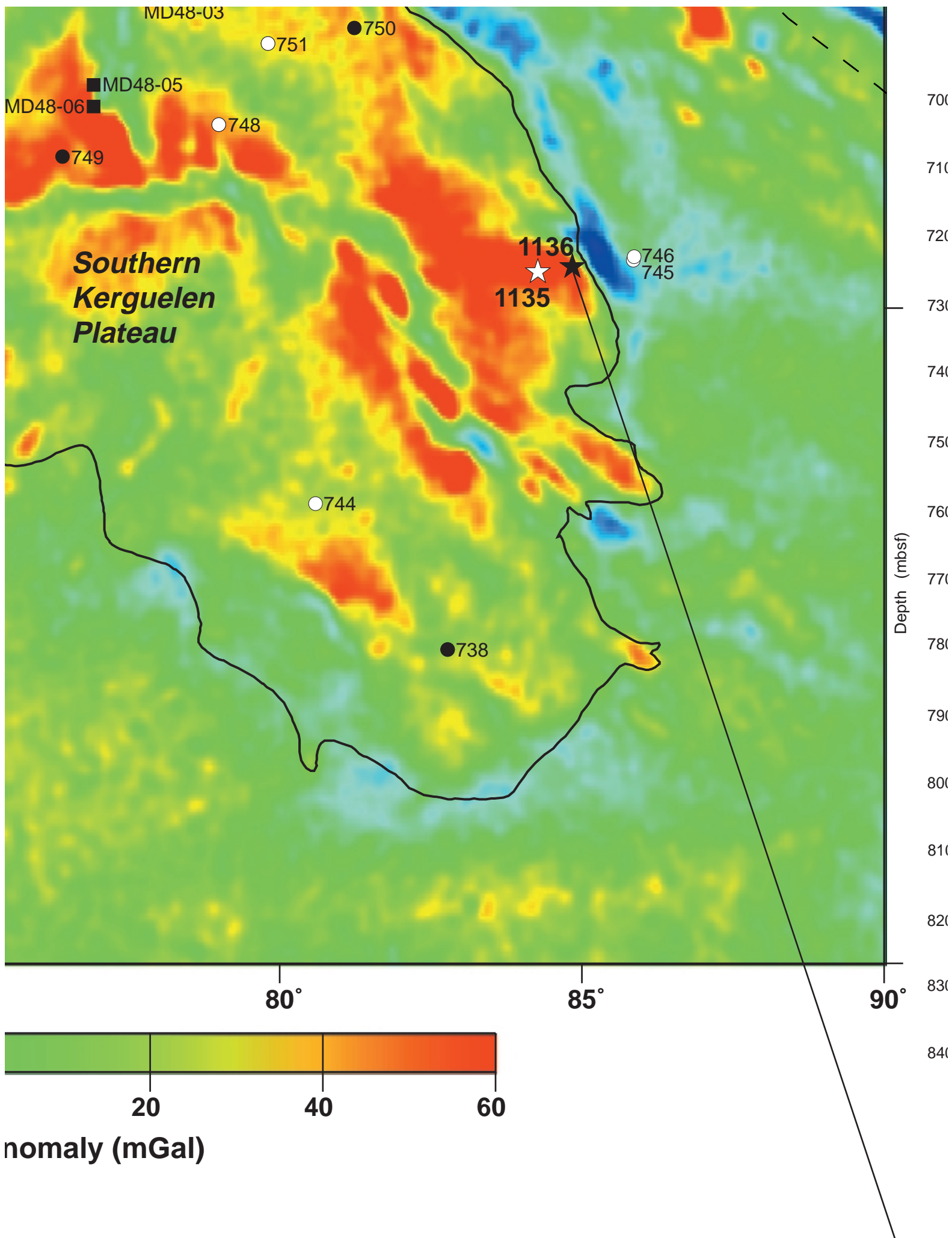
Site 1138

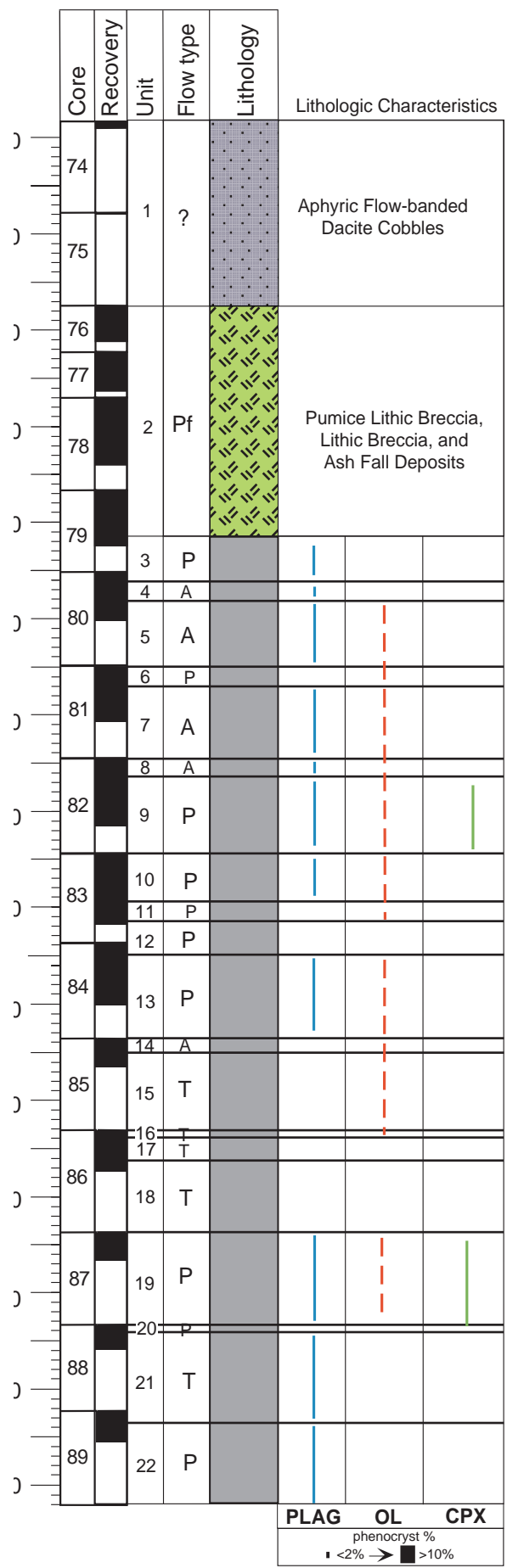





Site 1137

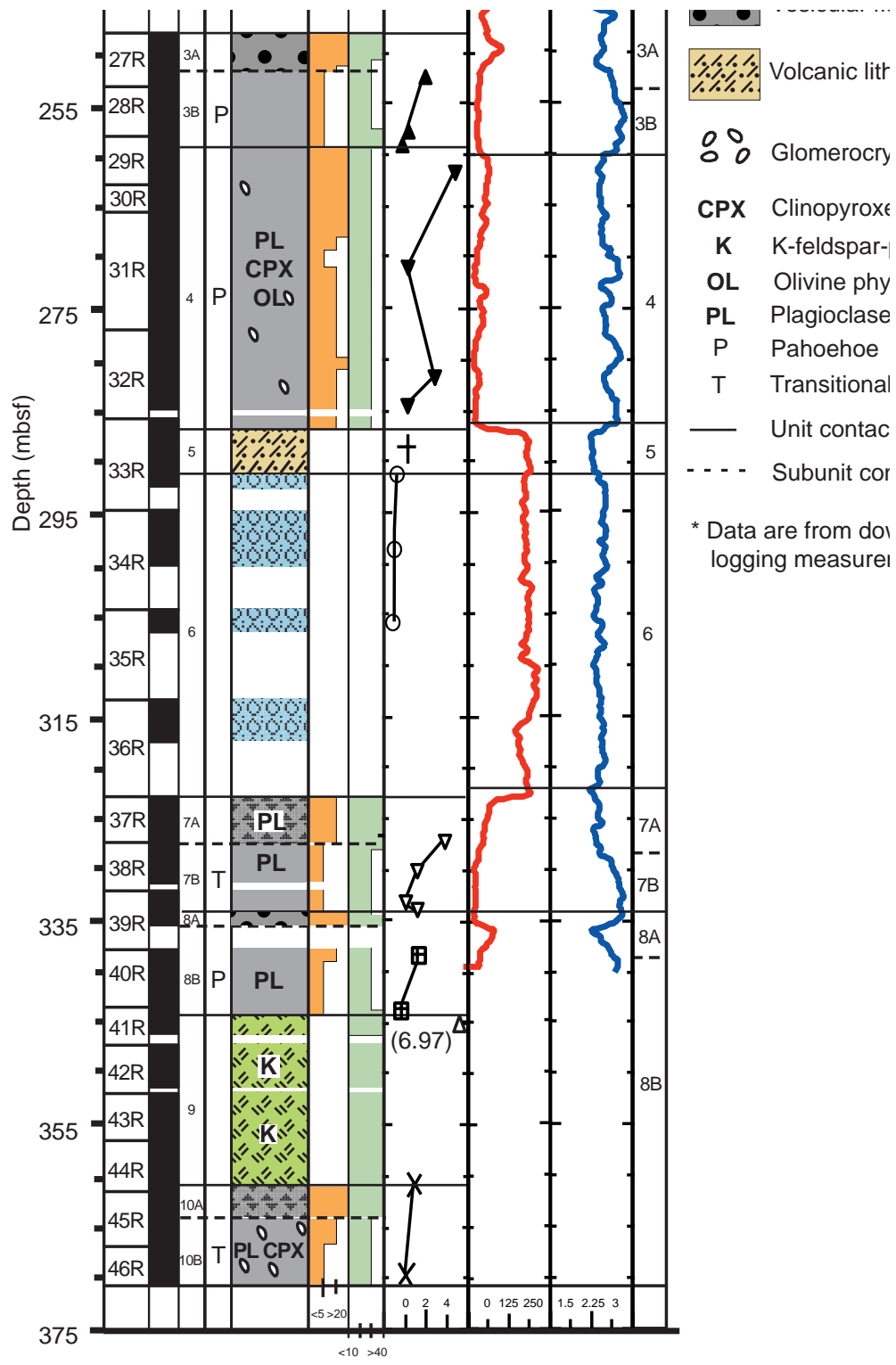


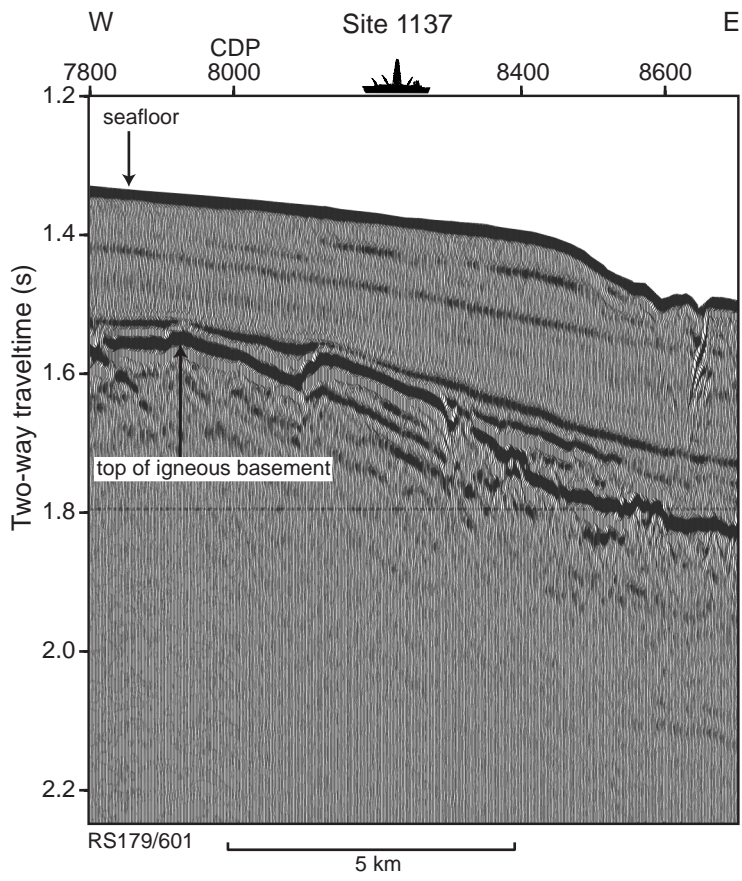






-  Basalt
-  Dacite
-  Felsic Volcaniclastic Rocks
- A Aa
- P Pahoehoe
- T Transitional/rubbly
- Pf Pyroclastic flow and fall deposits
- ? Lava flow or densely welded pyroclastic flow deposit
- Unit contact





ic sandstone

sts

ne-phyric

phyric

ric

-phyric

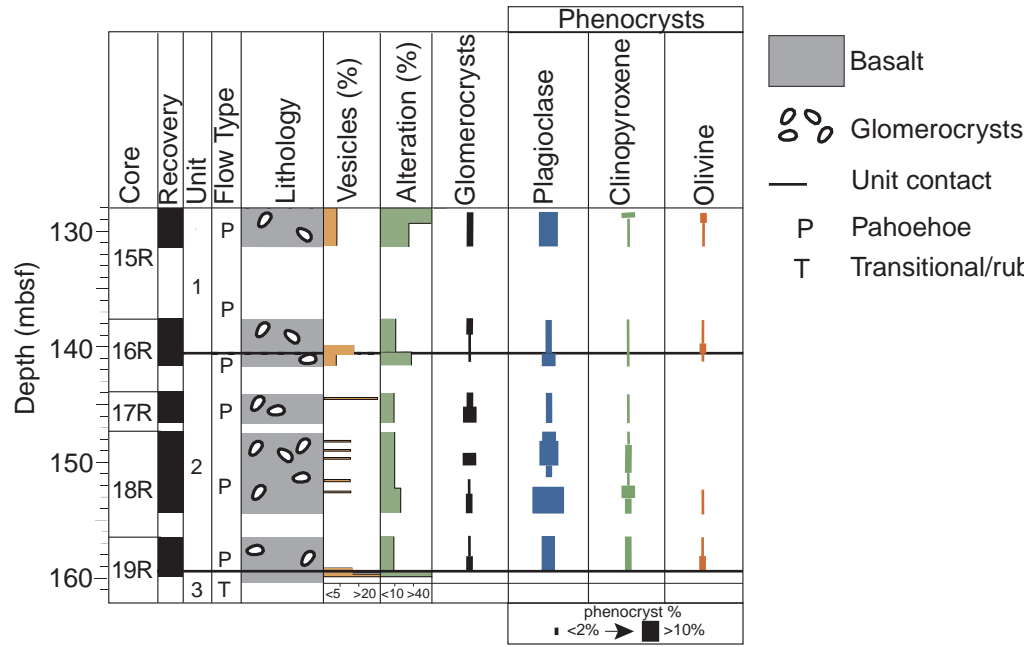
/rubbly

t

tact

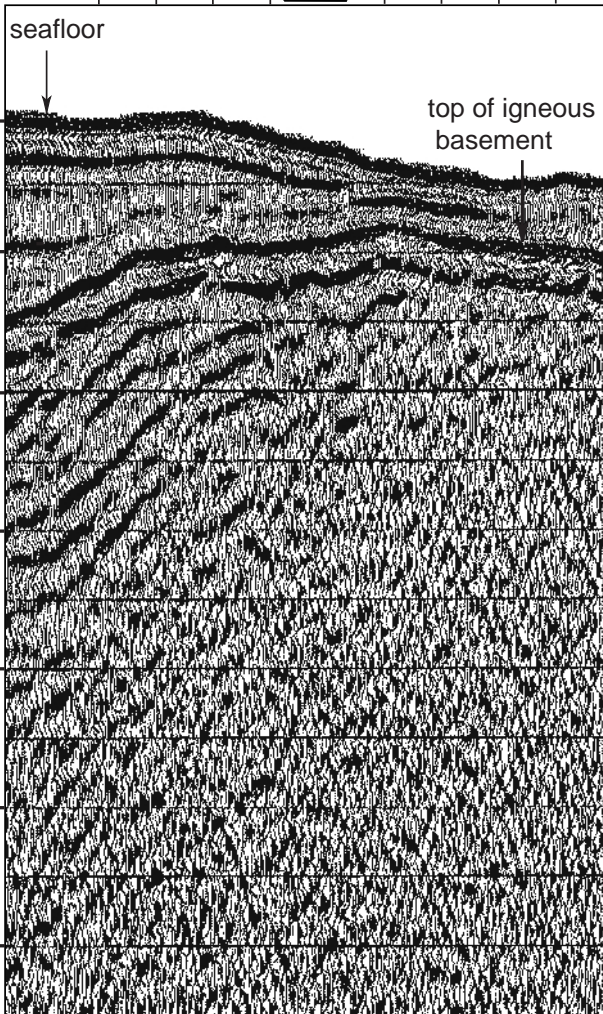
whole

ments



SW Site 1136 NE

Shot 9300 9200



bly

Two-way traveltime (s)

MD47/10 5 km